BIGGS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT COUNTY OF BUTTE BIGGS, CALIFORNIA

AUDIT REPORT

JUNE 30, 2016

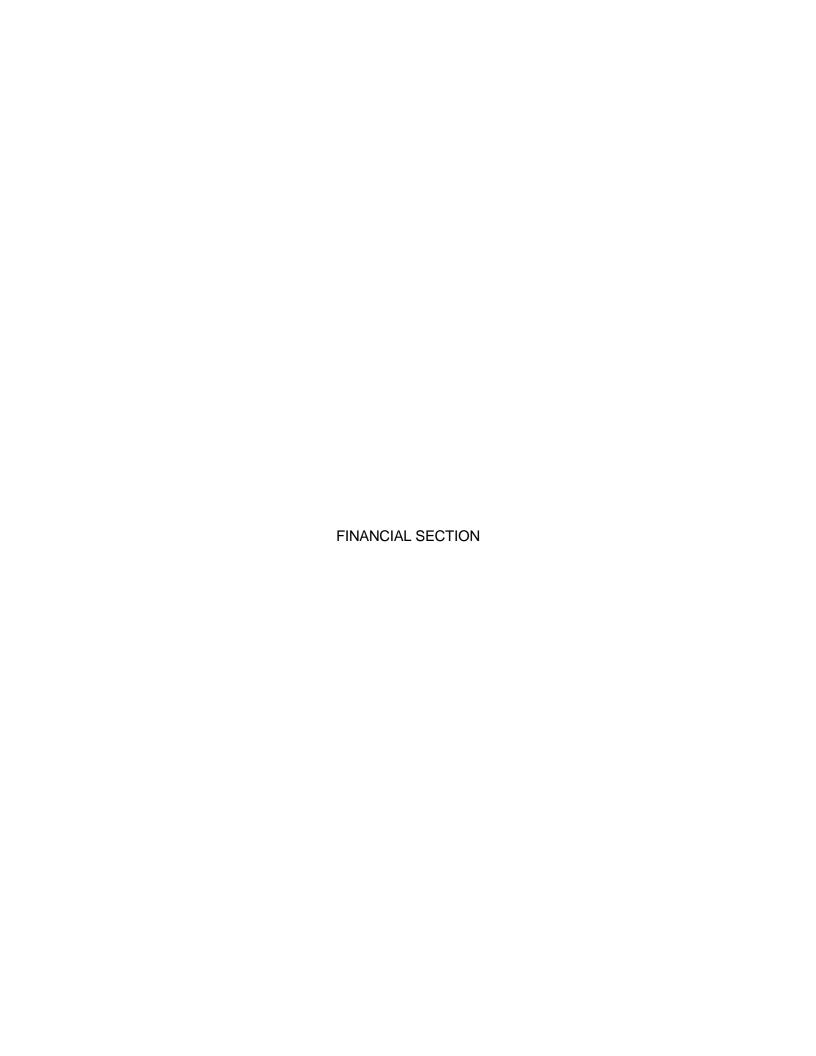
JUNE 30, 2016

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STEPHEN ROATCH ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Biggs Unified School District Biggs, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Biggs Unified School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the District's primary government as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Board of Trustees Biggs Unified School District Page Two

Basis for Adverse Opinion on Discretely Presented Component Unit

The financial statements referred to above do not include financial data for the District's legally separate component unit. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require financial data for the component unit to be reported with the financial data of the District's primary government unless the District also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for its component unit. The District has not issued such reporting entity financial statements. Because of this departure from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the assets, liabilities, net position, revenues, and expenses of the discretely presented component unit are not reported. The amounts by which this departure would affect the assets, liabilities, net position, revenues and expenses has not been determined in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Adverse Opinion on Discretely Presented Component Unit

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter described in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on Discretely Presented Component Unit" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly the financial position of the discretely presented component unit of the District, as of June 30, 2016, or the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Biggs Unified School District, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 13, the budgetary comparison information on pages 53 and 54, schedule of funding progress on page 55, schedules of proportionate share of the net pension liability on pages 56 and 57, and schedules of contributions on pages 58 and 59 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Board of Trustees Biggs Unified School District Page Three

Other Matters (Concluded)

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Biggs Unified School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information listed in the table of contents is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 7, 2016 on our consideration of Biggs Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Biggs Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Stephen Roatch Accountancy Corporation

STEPHEN ROATCH ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION
Certified Public Accountants

December 7, 2016

(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

This section of Biggs Unified School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2016. Please read it in conjunction with the Independent Auditor's Report presented on pages 1 through 3, and the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, presented on pages 14 and 15, provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's finances. The fund financial statements for governmental activities, presented on pages 16 through 19, provide information about how District services were financed in the short-term, and how much remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside the District.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- ➤ The District's financial status improved during the course of the year as the total net position deficit decreased 40.4% from the prior fiscal year.
- ➤ On the Statement of Activities, total current year revenues exceeded total current year expenses by \$168,193.
- Net capital assets increased \$56,591 due to the current year addition of \$209,532 of new capital assets and improvements, and the current year recognition of \$152,941 of depreciation expense.
- ➤ Total long-term liabilities increased \$1,062,821 due primarily to the current year increase in the District's net pension liabilities related to its participation in the CalSTRS and CalPERS pension plans.
- ➤ The District's P-2 average daily attendance (ADA) increased 51 ADA from the prior fiscal year.
- ➤ Due primarily to the fact that the District received one-time funds for outstanding mandate claims totaling \$271,511, the District's General Fund produced an operating surplus of \$246,892.
- ➤ The District maintains sufficient reserves for a district its size. It meets the state required minimum reserve for economic uncertainty of 4% of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo). During fiscal year 2015-16, General Fund expenditures and other financing uses totaled \$6,850,236. At June 30, 2016, the District has available reserves of \$1,206,556 in the General Fund, which represents a reserve of 17.61%.

(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

THE FINANCIAL REPORT

The full annual financial report consists of three separate parts, including the basic financial statements, supplementary information, and management's discussion and analysis. The three sections together provide a comprehensive overview of the District. The basic financial statements are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives, government-wide and funds.

- ➤ Government-wide financial statements, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial position.
- Individual parts of the District, which are reported as fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
 - Basic services funding is described in the governmental funds statements. These statements include short-term financing and identify the balance remaining for future spending.
 - Short and long-term financial information about the activities of the District that operate like businesses are provided in the proprietary fund statements, when applicable.
 - Financial relationships, for which the District acts as an agent or trustee for the benefit of others to whom the resources belong, are presented in the fiduciary funds statements.

Notes to the financials, which are included in the financial statements, provide more detailed data and explain some of the information in the statements. The required supplementary information provides further explanations and provides additional support for the financial statements. A comparison of the District's budget for the year is included.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The District as a whole is reported in the Government-wide statements and uses accounting methods similar to those used by companies in the private sector. All of the District's assets and liabilities are included in the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities reports all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The District's financial health (net position) can be measured by the difference between the District's assets and liabilities.

- Increases or decreases in the net position of the District over time are indicators of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- Additional non-financial factors such as the condition of school buildings and other facilities, and changes in the property tax base of the District need to be considered in assessing the overall health of the District.

(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

THE FINANCIAL REPORT (CONCLUDED)

Reporting the District as a Whole (Concluded)

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the District into two kinds of activities:

Governmental Activities:

The basic services provided by the District, such as regular education and administration, are included here, and are primarily financed by property taxes. Non-basic services, such as child nutrition are also included here, but are financed by a combination of local revenues and state programs.

Business-type Activities:

The District does not provide any services that should be included in this category.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

The District's fund-based financial statements provide detailed information about the District's most significant funds. Some funds are required to be established by State law and bond covenants. However, the District establishes many other funds as needed to control and manage money for specific purposes.

Governmental Funds:

The major governmental funds of Biggs Unified School District are the General Fund, Cafeteria Fund and Capital Facilities Fund. Governmental fund reporting focuses on how money flows into and out of the funds and the balances that remain at the end of the year. A modified accrual basis of accounting measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and services. Governmental fund information helps to determine the level of financial resources available in the near future to finance the District's programs.

Proprietary Funds:

Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds on a full accrual basis. These include both Enterprise funds and Internal Service funds. Enterprise funds are considered business-type activities and are also reported under a full accrual method. This is the same basis as business-type activities; therefore no reconciling entries are required. Internal service funds are reported with the Governmental Funds. The District has no funds of this type.

Fiduciary Funds:

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship and student activity funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Fiduciary Statements. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance their operations. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Comparative State	ment of N	et Position		
		Govern Activ	nmenta vities	al
		2015		2016
Assets Deposits and Investments Receivables Store Inventory Capital Assets, net Total Assets		2,202,604 434,018 6,826 2,639,689 5,283,137	\$	2,906,764 289,514 9,760 2,696,280 5,902,318
Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension Deferrals		446,097		631,998
<u>Liabilities</u> Current Long-term Total Liabilities		303,595 4,812,405 5,116,000		455,944 5,867,308 6,323,252
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Pension Deferrals		1,029,816		459,453
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted (Deficit)		2,639,689 316,484 3,372,755)		2,696,280 545,102 (3,489,771)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$	(416,582)	\$	(248,389)
Table includes financial data of the combined go	vernmental fun	ds.		

The Unrestricted deficit balance, presented above, is due primarily to the fact that the District is now required to record a liability in the financial statements to reflect the District's proportionate share of the net pension liabilities related to its participation in the CalSTRS and CalPERS pension plans.

(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

The District's total current year revenues exceeded total current year expenses by \$168,193.

Comparative Statement of	of Chan	ges in Net P	ositio	o <u>n</u>
		Governmen	ıtal Ac	tivities
		2015		2016
Program Revenues Charges for Services Operating Grants & Contributions	\$	18,148 855,406	\$	14,102 1,062,888
General Revenues Taxes Levied Federal & State Aid Interest & Investment Earnings Transfers Miscellaneous		1,953,614 2,955,219 20,992 12,720 546,186		2,278,538 3,740,124 12,782 0 401,503
Total Revenues		6,362,285		7,509,937
Expenses Instruction Instruction-Related Services Pupil Services General Administration Plant Services Ancillary Services Community Services Other Outgo		3,345,279 536,463 638,885 591,535 831,644 48,475 37,040 149,089 6,178,410		4,167,294 538,146 729,830 733,428 872,569 54,144 38,702 207,631
Total Expenses				7,341,744
Change in Net Position		183,875		168,193
Net Position, Beginning (Deficit)		(600,457)		(416,582)
Net Position, Ending (Deficit)	\$	(416,582)	\$	(248,389)
Table includes financial data of the combined gov	rernmental	l funds.		

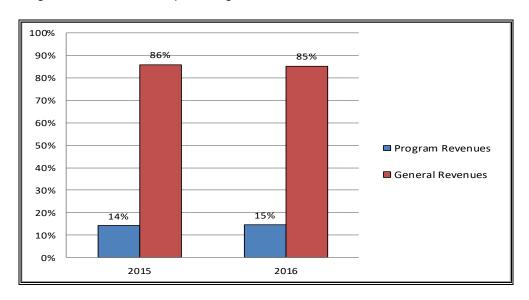
(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

	 Total Cost	of Se	ervices	 Net Cost of Services				
	 2015		2016	2015		2016		
Instruction	\$ 3,345,279	\$	4,167,294	\$ 2,851,057	\$	3,483,813		
Instruction-Related Services	536,463		538,146	518,952		518,531		
Pupil Services	638,885		729,830	393,472		466,347		
General Administration	591,535		733,428	549,172		687,428		
Plant Services	831,644		872,569	829,247		869,412		
Ancillary Services	48,475		54,144	47,990		53,507		
Community Services	37,040		38,702	37,040		38,702		
Other Outgo	 149,089		207,631	77,926		147,014		
Totals	\$ 6,178,410	\$	7,341,744	\$ 5,304,856	\$	6,264,754		

The table above presents the cost of major District activities. The table also shows each activity's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The \$6,264,754 net cost represents the financial burden that was placed on the District's general revenues for providing the services listed.



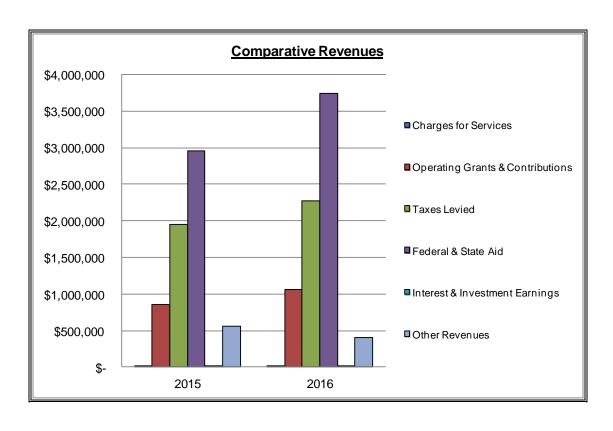
Program revenues financed 15% of the total cost of providing the services listed above, while the remaining 85% was financed by the general revenues of the District.

(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

	 FYE 2015 Amount	Percent of Total	FYE 2016 Amount	Percent of Total
Program Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$ 18,148	0.29%	\$ 14,102	0.19%
Operating Grants & Contributions	855,406	13.44%	1,062,888	14.15%
General Revenues				
Taxes Levied	1,953,614	30.71%	2,278,538	30.34%
Federal & State Aid	2,955,219	46.45%	3,740,124	49.80%
Interest & Investment Earnings	20,992	0.33%	12,782	0.17%
Other Revenues	558,906	8.78%	401,503	5.35%
Total Revenues	\$ 6,362,285	100.00%	\$ 7,509,937	100.00%

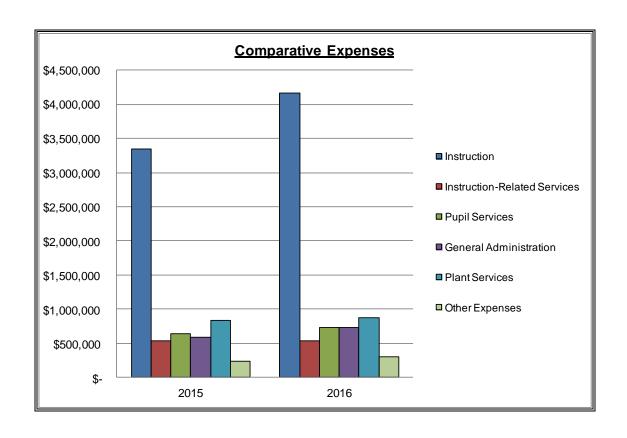


(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

		FYE 2015 Amount	Percent of Total		FYE 2016 Amount	Percent of Total
_		7 arround	Total		7 arrount	10101
Expenses	Φ.	0.045.070	E 4 4 40/	Φ.	4.407.004	F0 700/
Instruction	\$	3,345,279	54.14%	\$	4,167,294	56.76%
Instruction-Related Services		536,463	8.68%		538,146	7.33%
Pupil Services		638,885	10.34%		729,830	9.94%
General Administration		591,535	9.57%		733,428	9.99%
Plant Services		831,644	13.46%		872,569	11.89%
Other Expenses		234,604	3.80%		300,477	4.09%
Total Expenses	\$	6,178,410	100.00%	\$	7,341,744	100.00%



(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (CONCLUDED)

Comparative Sche	dule of C	apital Assets		
		Govern Activ	ment vities	al
		2015		2016
Land Sites and Improvements Buildings and Improvements Furniture and Equipment Work-in-Progress Subtotals	\$	283,366 434,204 4,382,203 1,096,390 585,143 6,781,306	\$	283,366 434,204 4,445,390 1,211,820 616,058 6,990,838
Less: Accumulated Depreciation Capital Assets, net	\$	(4,141,617) 2,639,689	\$	(4,294,558) 2,696,280

Net capital assets increased \$56,591 due to the current year addition of \$209,532 of new capital assets and improvements, and the current year recognition of \$152,941 of depreciation expense.

Comparative Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities						
	Governmental Activities					
	2015			2016		
Compensated Absences	\$	25,786	\$	33,704		
Early Retirement Incentives		40,396		30,198		
Other Postemployment Benefits		1,031,368		1,184,314		
Net Pension Liability - CalSTRS		2,660,107		3,195,863		
Net Pension Liability - CalPERS		1,090,732		1,467,131		
Totals	\$	4,848,389	\$	5,911,210		
				·		

Total long-term liabilities increased \$1,062,821 due primarily to the current year increase in the District's net pension liabilities related to its participation in the CalSTRS and CalPERS pension plans.

(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Com	parative Schedule of Fund E	<u> Balances</u>	
	Fund Balances	Fund Balances	Increase
	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	(Decrease)
General	\$ 2,113,698	\$ 2,360,590	\$ 246,892
Cafeteria	19,676	72,289	52,613
Capital Facilities	242,463	361,117	118,654
Totals	\$ 2,375,837	\$ 2,793,996	\$ 418,159

The fund balance of the General Fund increased \$246,892, and the combined fund balances of all other District governmental funds increased \$171,267.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The District's budget is prepared in accordance with California law and is based on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Over the course of the year, the District revises its budget based on updated financial information. The original budget, approved at the end of June for July 1, is based on May Revise figures and updated 45 days after the State approves its final budget. In addition, the District revises its budget at First and Second Interim to reflect the most current financial information available at that point in time. The original budget presented on page 53 includes only new revenues for fiscal year 2015-16.

ECONOMIC FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

The employer contribution rates for CalSTRS and CalPERS will continue to increase on an annual basis for the foreseeable future. In addition, the economy has finished its seventh year of expansion, lasting two years longer than the average recovery. The Governor and Department of Finance continue to urge the Legislature and local governments, including local education agencies, to plan for the next recession.

Accordingly, the District's budget should continue to be managed with a great degree of conservatism over the next few years. The District has an excellent track record in meeting this challenge in what has proven to be a cycle of lean years and prosperous years for education finances.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, parents, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions regarding this report or need additional financial information, contact the District Office, Biggs Unified School District, 300 B Street, Biggs, California 95917.

BIGGS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

		nmental ivities
<u>Assets</u>	•	0.000.704
Deposits and Investments (Note 2)	\$	2,906,764
Receivables (Note 3) Stores Inventory (Note 1H)		289,514 9,760
Capital Assets (Note 5)		3,700
Land		283,366
Sites and Improvements		434,204
Buildings and Improvements		4,445,390
Furniture and Equipment		1,211,820
Work-in-Progress		616,058
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(4,294,558)
Total Assets		5,902,318
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Pension Deferrals (Note 8)		631,998
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		631,998
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities		401,890
Unearned Revenue (Note 1H)		10,152
Long-Term Liabilities:		
Portion Due or Payable Within One Year:		
Compensated Absences		33,704
Early Retirement Incentives		10,198
Portion Due or Payable After One Year:		
Early Retirement Incentives (Note 6)		20,000
Other Post Employment Benefits (Note 7)		1,184,314
Net Pension Liabilities (Note 8)		4,662,994
Total Liabilities		6,323,252
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Pension Deferrals (Note 8)		459,453
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		459,453
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		2,696,280
Restricted:		264 447
For Educational Programs		361,117
For Educational Programs For Other Purposes		109,696 74,289
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(3,489,771)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$	(248,389)

BIGGS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		ı	Progr	ram Revenue	s		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Functions	Expenses	arges for ervices		Operating Grants and ontributions	Gra a	pital ants nd butions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities							
Instruction	\$ 4,167,294		\$	683,481			\$ (3,483,813)
Instruction-Related Services: Supervision of Instruction Instructional Library and Technology	13,585 42,530			4,770			(8,815) (42,530)
School Site Administration Pupil Services:	482,031			14,845			(467,186)
Home-to-School Transportation Food Services Other Pupil Services	270,715 353,806 105,309	\$ 13,584		246,131 3,768			(270,715) (94,091) (101,541)
General Administration: Data Processing Services	68,491						(68,491)
Other General Administration Plant Services Ancillary Services	664,937 872,569 54,144	518		45,482 3,157 637			(618,937) (869,412) (53,507)
Community Services Other Outgo	38,702 207,631			60,617			(38,702) (147,014)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 7,341,744	\$ 14,102	\$	1,062,888	\$	0	(6,264,754)
General Revenues Taxes Levied for General Purposes Federal and State Aid - Unrestricted Interest and Investment Earnings Miscellaneous							2,278,538 3,740,124 12,782 401,503
Total General Revenues							6,432,947
Change in Net Position Net Position (Deficit) - July 1, 2015							168,193 (416,582)
Net Position (Deficit) - June 30, 2016							\$ (248,389)

BIGGS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	General	Cafeteria	Capital Facilities	Total Governmental Funds
Assets Deposits and Investments (Note 2) Receivables (Note 3)	\$ 2,541,999 253,258	\$ 4,435 35,469	\$ 360,330 787	\$ 2,906,764 289,514
Due from Other Funds (Note 4) Stores Inventory (Note 1H)	13,233	46,061 9,760		59,294 9,760
Total Assets	\$ 2,808,490	\$ 95,725	\$ 361,117	\$ 3,265,332
<u>Liabilities and Fund Balances</u> Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$ 391,687	\$ 10,203		\$ 401,890
Due to Other Funds (Note 4)	46,061	13,233		59,294
Unearned Revenue (Note 1H)	10,152			10,152
Total Liabilities	447,900	23,436		471,336
Fund Balances: (Note 10)				
Nonspendable	2,000	14,471		16,471
Restricted	109,696	57,818	\$ 361,117	528,631
Assigned	1,042,338			1,042,338
Unassigned	1,206,556			1,206,556
Total Fund Balances	2,360,590	72,289	361,117	2,793,996
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 2,808,490	\$ 95,725	\$ 361,117	\$ 3,265,332

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF POSITION

JUNE 30, 2016

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$	2,793,996
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different due to the following:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The amount that capital assets exceed accumulated depreciation was:			
Capital Assets	\$ 6,990,838		
Accumulated Depreciation	(4,294,558)		
		•	2,696,280
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported. Net deferred outflows and inflows are:			172,545
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:			
Compensated Absences	\$ 33,704		
Early Retirement Incentives	30,198		
Other Post Employment Benefits	1,184,314		
Net Pension Liability - CalSTRS	3,195,863		
Net Pension Liability - CalPERS	1,467,131	_	
			(5,911,210)
Total Net Position (Deficit) - Governmental Activities		\$	(248,389)

BIGGS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

CFF Sources		General	Cafeteria	Capital Facilities	Total Governmental Funds
State Apportionment / Transfers \$3,228,332 \$2,278,538 \$2,278,5					
Local Taxes 2,278,538 2,278,538 Total LCFF Sources 5,506,870 5,506,870 Federal Revenue 360,540 \$237,476 598,016 State Revenue 955,470 18,422 973,892 Local Revenue 274,248 13,717 \$143,194 431,159 Total Revenues 7,097,128 269,615 143,194 7509,937 Expenditures Current: Current: Current: 8 143,194 7,509,937 Expenditures Current: 8 269,615 143,194 7,509,937 Expenditures Current: 8 269,615 143,194 7,509,937 Expenditures Current: 8 269,615 143,194 431,159 Expenditures 8 2 28,260 12,868 12,868 12,868 12,868 12,868 12,868 12,868 12,868 12,868 12,868 12,868 12,868 12,868 12,868 12,868 12,869 12,869 12,869					
Total LCFF Sources 5,506,870 5,506,870 Federal Revenue 360,540 \$237,476 598,016 State Revenue 955,470 18,422 973,892 Local Revenue 274,248 13,717 \$143,194 431,159 Total Revenues 7,097,128 269,615 143,194 7,509,937 Expenditures Current: Instruction 3,880,763 3,880,763 Supervision of Instruction 12,868 12,868 Instructional Library and Technology 42,530 42,530 School Site Administration 469,417 469,417 Home-To-School Transportation 247,993 247,993 Food Services 100,551 100,551 Data Processing Services 56,753 56,753 Other General Administration 635,618 13,233 648,851 Plant Services 814,023 24,540 838,563 Facilities Acquisition and Construction 146,452 24,540 838,663 Facilities Acquisition and Construction					
Pederal Revenue					
State Revenue 955,470 18,422 973,892 Local Revenue 274,248 13,717 \$ 143,194 431,159 Total Revenues 7,097,128 269,615 143,194 7,509,937 Expenditures Current: Instruction 3,880,763 3,880,763 Supervision of Instruction 12,868 12,868 Instructional Library and Technology 42,530 42,530 School Site Administration 469,417 469,417 Home-To-School Transportation 247,993 247,993 Food Services 347,144 347,144 Other Pupil Services 56,753 56,753 Other General Administration 635,618 13,233 648,851 Plant Services 814,023 24,540 838,563 Facilities Acquisition and Construction 146,452 387,602 38,702 Other Outgo 207,631 360,377 24,540 7,091,778 Excess of Revenues Over (140,452 36,762 38,702 Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Total LCFF Sources	5,506,870			5,506,870
Local Revenue 274,248 13,717 \$ 143,194 431,159 Total Revenues 7,097,128 269,615 143,194 7,509,937 Expenditures Current: Instruction 3,880,763 3,880,763 Supervision of Instruction 12,868 12,868 Instructional Library and Technology 42,530 42,530 School Site Administration 469,417 469,417 Home-To-School Transportation 247,993 247,993 Food Services 347,144 347,144 Other Pupil Services 100,551 100,551 Data Processing Services 56,753 56,753 Other General Administration 635,618 13,233 648,851 Plant Services 814,023 24,540 838,563 Facilities Acquisition and Construction 146,452 24,540 838,563 Facilities Acquisition and Construction 146,452 53,560 53,560 53,560 Community Services 38,702 207,631 22,640 7,091,778 <	Federal Revenue		\$ 237,476		598,016
Total Revenues 7,097,128 269,615 143,194 7,509,937 Expenditures Current: Instruction 3,880,763 3,880,763 Supervision of Instruction 12,868 12,868 Instructional Library and Technology 42,530 42,530 School Site Administration 469,417 469,417 Home-To-School Transportation 247,993 247,993 Food Services 347,144 347,144 Other Pupil Services 100,551 100,551 Data Processing Services 56,753 56,753 Other General Administration 635,618 13,233 648,851 Plant Services 814,023 24,540 838,563 Facilities Acquisition and Construction 146,452 146,452 146,452 Ancillary Services 33,500 53,560 53,560 Community Services 38,702 207,631 207,631 Total Expenditures 6,706,861 360,377 24,540 7,091,778 Excess of Revenues Over (10der) Expenditures	State Revenue	955,470	18,422		973,892
Expenditures Current: Instruction 3,880,763 3,880,763 Supervision of Instruction 12,868 12,868 Instructional Library and Technology 42,530 42,530 School Site Administration 469,417 469,417 Home-To-School Transportation 247,993 247,993 Food Services 347,144 347,144 Other Pupil Services 100,551 100,551 Data Processing Services 56,753 56,753 Other General Administration 635,618 13,233 648,851 Plant Services 814,023 24,540 838,563 Facilities Acquisition and Construction 146,452 146,452 46,452 Ancillary Services 53,560 53,560 53,560 Community Services 38,702 38,702 207,631 Total Expenditures 6,706,861 360,377 24,540 7,091,778 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 390,267 (90,762) 118,654 418,159 Other Financing Sources (Uses)<	Local Revenue	274,248	13,717	\$ 143,194	431,159
Current: Instruction 3,880,763 Supervision of Instruction 12,868 12,868 Instructional Library and Technology 42,530 42,530 School Site Administration 469,417 469,417 Home-To-School Transportation 247,993 247,993 Food Services 347,144 347,144 Other Pupil Services 100,551 100,551 Data Processing Services 56,753 56,753 Other General Administration 635,618 13,233 648,851 Plant Services 814,023 24,540 838,563 Facilities Acquisition and Construction 146,452 146,452 Ancillary Services 53,560 53,560 Community Services 38,702 38,702 Other Outgo 207,631 207,631 Total Expenditures 6,706,861 360,377 24,540 7,091,778 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 390,267 (90,762) 118,654 418,159 Operating Transfers In (143,375) 143,375 0<	Total Revenues	7,097,128	269,615	143,194	7,509,937
Instruction 3,880,763 3,880,763 Supervision of Instruction 12,868 12,868 12,868 Instructional Library and Technology 42,530 42,530 42,530 School Site Administration 469,417 469,4	' 				
Supervision of Instruction 12,868 12,868 Instructional Library and Technology 42,530 42,530 School Site Administration 469,417 469,417 Home-To-School Transportation 247,993 247,993 Food Services 347,144 347,144 Other Pupil Services 100,551 100,551 Data Processing Services 56,753 56,753 Other General Administration 635,618 13,233 648,851 Plant Services 814,023 24,540 838,563 Facilities Acquisition and Construction 146,452 146,452 Ancillary Services 53,560 53,560 Community Services 38,702 38,702 Other Outgo 207,631 207,631 Total Expenditures 6,706,861 360,377 24,540 7,091,778 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 390,267 (90,762) 118,654 418,159 Operating Transfers In 143,375 143,375 0 0 Operating Transfers Sout (143,3					
Instructional Library and Technology 42,530 42,530 School Site Administration 469,417					
School Site Administration 469,417 469,417 Home-To-School Transportation 247,993 247,993 Food Services 347,144 347,144 Other Pupil Services 100,551 100,551 Data Processing Services 56,753 56,753 Other General Administration 635,618 13,233 648,851 Plant Services 814,023 24,540 838,563 Facilities Acquisition and Construction 146,452 24,540 838,563 Facilities Acquisition and Construction 146,452 38,702 146,452 Ancillary Services 53,560 53,560 53,560 Community Services 38,702 38,702 207,631 Total Expenditures 6,706,861 360,377 24,540 7,091,778 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 390,267 (90,762) 118,654 418,159 Operating Transfers In 143,375 143,375 143,375 Operating Transfers Out (143,375) 143,375 0 0 Total Other Financ	•				
Home-To-School Transportation 247,993 347,144 347,144 347,144 Other Pupil Services 100,551 100,551 100,551 56,753 56,753 56,753 56,753 648,851 Plant Services 814,023 24,540 838,563 Facilities Acquisition and Construction 146,452 146,452 Ancillary Services 33,560 53,560 53,560 53,560 53,560 50,7631 Community Services 38,702 38,702 38,702 207,631 Community Services 6,706,861 360,377 24,540 7,091,778 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 390,267 (90,762) 118,654 418,159 Other Financing Sources (Uses) (143,375) 143,375 0 0 Other Financing Sources (Uses) (143,375) 143,375 0 Other Change in Fund Balances 246,892 52,613 118,654 418,159 End Balances - July 1, 2015 2,113,698 19,676 242,463 2,375,837 End Balances - July 1, 2015 2,113,698 19,676 242,463 2,375,837 End Balances - July 1, 2015 2,113,698 19,676 242,463 2,375,837 End Balances - July 1, 2015 2,113,698 19,676 242,463 2,375,837 End Balances - July 1, 2015 2,113,698 19,676 242,463 2,375,837 End Balances - July 1, 2015 2,113,698 19,676 242,463 2,375,837 End Balances - July 1, 2015 2,113,698 19,676 242,463 2,375,837 End Balances - July 1, 2015 2,113,698 19,676 242,463 2,375,837 End Balances - July 1, 2015 2,113,698 19,676 242,463 2,375,837 End Balances - July 1, 2015 2,113,698 19,676 242,463 2,375,837 End Balances - July 1, 2015 2,113,698 19,676 242,463 2,375,837 End Balances - July 1, 2015 2,113,698 19,676 242,463 2,375,837 End Balances - July 1, 2015 2,113,698 19,676 242,463 2,375,837 End Balances - July 1, 2015 2,113,698 19,676 242,463 2,375,837 End Balances - July 1, 2015 2,113,698 19,676 242,463 2,375,837 End Balances - July 1, 2015 2,113,698 2,113,698 2,113,698 2,113,698 2,113,698 2,113,698 2,113,698 2,113,698 2,113,698 2,113,698 2,113,698 2,113,698 2,113,698 2,113		•			
Food Services 347,144 347,144 Other Pupil Services 100,551 100,551 Data Processing Services 56,753 56,753 Other General Administration 635,618 13,233 648,851 Plant Services 814,023 24,540 838,563 Facilities Acquisition and Construction 146,452 146,452 146,452 Ancillary Services 53,560 53,560 53,560 Community Services 38,702 38,702 207,631 Other Outgo 207,631 207,631 207,631 Total Expenditures 6,706,861 360,377 24,540 7,091,778 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 390,267 (90,762) 118,654 418,159 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 143,375 143,375 143,375 Operating Transfers Out (143,375) 143,375 0 0 Net Change in Fund Balances 246,892 52,613 118,654 418,159 Fund Balances - July 1, 2015 2,113,698 19,676 242,4					
Other Pupil Services 100,551 100,551 Data Processing Services 56,753 56,753 Other General Administration 635,618 13,233 648,851 Plant Services 814,023 24,540 838,563 Facilities Acquisition and Construction 146,452 146,452 Ancillary Services 53,560 53,560 Community Services 38,702 38,702 Other Outgo 207,631 207,631 Total Expenditures 6,706,861 360,377 24,540 7,091,778 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 390,267 (90,762) 118,654 418,159 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 143,375 143,375 143,375 Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out (143,375) 143,375 0 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (143,375) 143,375 0 0 Net Change in Fund Balances 246,892 52,613 118,654 418,159 Fund Balances - July 1, 2015 2,113,698 19,676 242,463 2,375,837<		247,993			247,993
Data Processing Services 56,753 56,753 Other General Administration 635,618 13,233 648,851 Plant Services 814,023 24,540 838,563 Facilities Acquisition and Construction 146,452 146,452 Ancillary Services 53,560 53,560 Community Services 38,702 38,702 Other Outgo 207,631 207,631 Total Expenditures 6,706,861 360,377 24,540 7,091,778 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 390,267 (90,762) 118,654 418,159 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 143,375 143,375 143,375 Operating Transfers Out (143,375) 143,375 0 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (143,375) 143,375 0 0 Net Change in Fund Balances 246,892 52,613 118,654 418,159 Fund Balances - July 1, 2015 2,113,698 19,676 242,463 2,375,837	Food Services		347,144		347,144
Other General Administration 635,618 Plant Services 13,233 648,851 Plant Services 814,023 Plant Services 24,540 Plant Services 838,563 Pacilities Acquisition and Construction 146,452 Plant Services 146,452 P	Other Pupil Services	100,551			100,551
Plant Services 814,023 24,540 838,563 Facilities Acquisition and Construction 146,452 146,452 Ancillary Services 53,560 53,560 Community Services 38,702 38,702 Other Outgo 207,631 207,631 Total Expenditures 6,706,861 360,377 24,540 7,091,778 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 390,267 (90,762) 118,654 418,159 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating Transfers In 143,375 143,375 Operating Transfers Out (143,375) 143,375 0 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (143,375) 143,375 0 0 Net Change in Fund Balances 246,892 52,613 118,654 418,159 Fund Balances - July 1, 2015 2,113,698 19,676 242,463 2,375,837	Data Processing Services	56,753			56,753
Facilities Acquisition and Construction 146,452 146,452 Ancillary Services 53,560 53,560 Community Services 38,702 38,702 Other Outgo 207,631 207,631 Total Expenditures 6,706,861 360,377 24,540 7,091,778 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 390,267 (90,762) 118,654 418,159 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 143,375 143,375 143,375 Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out (143,375) 143,375 (143,375) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (143,375) 143,375 0 0 Net Change in Fund Balances 246,892 52,613 118,654 418,159 Fund Balances - July 1, 2015 2,113,698 19,676 242,463 2,375,837	Other General Administration	635,618	13,233		648,851
Ancillary Services 53,560 53,560 Community Services 38,702 38,702 Other Outgo 207,631 207,631 Total Expenditures 6,706,861 360,377 24,540 7,091,778 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 390,267 (90,762) 118,654 418,159 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 143,375 143,375 143,375 Operating Transfers Out (143,375) 143,375 (143,375) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (143,375) 143,375 0 0 Net Change in Fund Balances 246,892 52,613 118,654 418,159 Fund Balances - July 1, 2015 2,113,698 19,676 242,463 2,375,837	Plant Services	814,023		24,540	838,563
Community Services 38,702 38,702 Other Outgo 207,631 207,631 Total Expenditures 6,706,861 360,377 24,540 7,091,778 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 390,267 (90,762) 118,654 418,159 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 143,375 143,375 143,375 Operating Transfers Out (143,375) 143,375 0 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (143,375) 143,375 0 0 Net Change in Fund Balances 246,892 52,613 118,654 418,159 Fund Balances - July 1, 2015 2,113,698 19,676 242,463 2,375,837	Facilities Acquisition and Construction	146,452			146,452
Other Outgo 207,631 207,631 Total Expenditures 6,706,861 360,377 24,540 7,091,778 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 390,267 (90,762) 118,654 418,159 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 143,375 143,375 143,375 Operating Transfers Out (143,375) (143,375) (143,375) 0 0 Net Other Financing Sources (Uses) (143,375) 143,375 0 0 0 Net Change in Fund Balances 246,892 52,613 118,654 418,159 Fund Balances - July 1, 2015 2,113,698 19,676 242,463 2,375,837	Ancillary Services	53,560			53,560
Other Outgo 207,631 207,631 Total Expenditures 6,706,861 360,377 24,540 7,091,778 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 390,267 (90,762) 118,654 418,159 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 143,375 143,375 143,375 Operating Transfers Out (143,375) (143,375) (143,375) 0 0 Net Other Financing Sources (Uses) (143,375) 143,375 0 0 0 Net Change in Fund Balances 246,892 52,613 118,654 418,159 Fund Balances - July 1, 2015 2,113,698 19,676 242,463 2,375,837	Community Services	38,702			38,702
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 390,267 (90,762) 118,654 418,159 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating Transfers In 143,375 Operating Transfers Out (143,375) Total Other Financing (143,375) Sources (Uses) (143,375) Net Change in Fund Balances 246,892 52,613 Fund Balances - July 1, 2015 2,113,698 19,676 242,463 2,375,837	-	207,631			207,631
(Under) Expenditures 390,267 (90,762) 118,654 418,159 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating Transfers In 143,375 143,375 Operating Transfers Out (143,375) (143,375) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (143,375) 143,375 0 0 Net Change in Fund Balances 246,892 52,613 118,654 418,159 Fund Balances - July 1, 2015 2,113,698 19,676 242,463 2,375,837	Total Expenditures	6,706,861	360,377	24,540	7,091,778
(Under) Expenditures 390,267 (90,762) 118,654 418,159 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating Transfers In 143,375 143,375 Operating Transfers Out (143,375) (143,375) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (143,375) 143,375 0 0 Net Change in Fund Balances 246,892 52,613 118,654 418,159 Fund Balances - July 1, 2015 2,113,698 19,676 242,463 2,375,837	Excess of Revenues Over				
Operating Transfers In 143,375 143,375 Operating Transfers Out (143,375) (143,375) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (143,375) 143,375 0 0 Net Change in Fund Balances 246,892 52,613 118,654 418,159 Fund Balances - July 1, 2015 2,113,698 19,676 242,463 2,375,837	(Under) Expenditures	390,267	(90,762)	118,654	418,159
Operating Transfers Out (143,375) (143,375) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (143,375) 143,375 0 0 Net Change in Fund Balances 246,892 52,613 118,654 418,159 Fund Balances - July 1, 2015 2,113,698 19,676 242,463 2,375,837	Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Operating Transfers Out (143,375) (143,375) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (143,375) 143,375 0 0 Net Change in Fund Balances 246,892 52,613 118,654 418,159 Fund Balances - July 1, 2015 2,113,698 19,676 242,463 2,375,837			143,375		143,375
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (143,375) 143,375 0 0 Net Change in Fund Balances 246,892 52,613 118,654 418,159 Fund Balances - July 1, 2015 2,113,698 19,676 242,463 2,375,837		(143.375)	,		
Sources (Uses) (143,375) 143,375 0 0 Net Change in Fund Balances 246,892 52,613 118,654 418,159 Fund Balances - July 1, 2015 2,113,698 19,676 242,463 2,375,837					
Net Change in Fund Balances 246,892 52,613 118,654 418,159 Fund Balances - July 1, 2015 2,113,698 19,676 242,463 2,375,837	_				
Fund Balances - July 1, 2015 2,113,698 19,676 242,463 2,375,837	Sources (Uses)	(143,375)	143,375	0	0
	Net Change in Fund Balances	246,892	52,613	118,654	418,159
Fund Balances - June 30, 2016 \$ 2,360,590 \$ 72,289 \$ 361,117 \$ 2,793,996	Fund Balances - July 1, 2015	2,113,698	19,676	242,463	2,375,837
	Fund Balances - June 30, 2016	\$ 2,360,590	\$ 72,289	\$ 361,117	\$ 2,793,996

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$	418,159
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different due to the following:			
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation expense during the fiscal year:			
Capital Outlays Depreciation Expense	\$ 209,532 (152,941)		
_ op. co. a, p o	 (10=,011)	-	56,591
Compensated absences (vacations): In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the fiscal year. In the statement of activates, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned was:			(7.019)
			(7,918)
Postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB): In governmental funds, OPEB costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between OPEB costs and actual employer contributions was:			(152,946)
Early Retirement Incentives: In governmental funds, early retirement incentives are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, early retirement incentive costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between early retirement incentive costs and actual employer			
contributions was:			10,198
Pensions: In government funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs			
and actual employer contributions was:			(155,891)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$	168,193

BIGGS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	Priva	ate-Purpose Trust			Total
	Sc	holarship Funds	Agency Funds	F	iduciary Funds
<u>Assets</u>					
Deposits and Investments (Note 2)	\$	486,261	\$ 93,323	\$	579,584
Receivables		268	 		268
Total Assets		486,529	93,323		579,852
Liabilities					
Due to Student Groups			93,323		93,323
Total Liabilities		0	93,323		93,323
Net Position					
Restricted		486,529	0		486,529
Total Net Position	\$	486,529	\$ 0	\$	486,529

BIGGS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Private-Purpose Trust
	Scholarship Funds
<u>Additions</u>	
Change in Fair Market Value of Investments	\$ (6,330)
Interest	6,811
Total Additions	481
<u>Deductions</u>	
Scholarships Awarded	4,590
Total Deductions	4,590
Change in Net Position	(4,109)
Net Position	
Net Position - July 1, 2015	490,638
(As Restated - Note 15)	
Net Position - June 30, 2016	\$ 486,529

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. <u>Financial Reporting Entity</u>

The Biggs Unified School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of California. It is governed by a five-member Board of Trustees elected by registered voters of the District, which comprises an area in Butte County. The District was established in 1906 and serves students in kindergarten through grade twelve.

The District accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

The financial reporting entity consists of the following:

- > The primary government
- > Organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable
- Other organizations for which the primary government may determine, through exercise of management's professional judgment, that the inclusion of an organization that does not meet the financial accountability criteria is necessary in order to prevent the reporting entity's financial statements from being misleading. In such instances, the organization should be included as a component unit.

The nucleus of a financial reporting entity is usually a primary government. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 61 (GASB 61), *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*, defines a *primary government* as any state government, general-purpose local government, or special-purpose government that meets all of the following criteria:

- It has a separately elected governing body
- ➤ It is legally separate
- It is fiscally independent of other state and local governments

The primary government consists of all funds that make up the legal entity. The primary government also consists of funds for which it has a fiduciary responsibility, even though those funds may represent organizations that do not meet the definition for inclusion in the financial reporting entity.

Component units include legally separate organizations (whether governmental, not-for-profit, or for-profit organizations) for which elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. A primary government is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (a) it is able to impose its will on that organization or (b) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. The primary government is financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government regardless of whether the organization has (a) a separately elected governing board, (b) a governing board appointed by a higher level of government, or (c) a jointly appointed board. The primary government has the ability to impose its will on an organization if it can significantly influence the programs, projects, activities, or level of services performed or provided by the organization.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

An organization can provide a financial benefit to, or impose a financial burden on, a primary government in a variety of ways. An organization has a financial benefit or burden relationship with the primary government if, for example, any one of these conditions exists:

- ➤ The primary government is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources.
- The primary government is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization.
- > The primary government is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organization.

In addition, GASB 61 also requires certain organizations to be included as component units if the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that excluding them would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading.

Based on the GASB 61 criteria and definitions, the District is the primary government and there are no material potential component units which should be included in the Financial Reporting Entity in these financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 39 (GASB 39), *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, provides further guidance, stating that a legally separate organization should be reported as a component unit if all of the following criteria are met:

- > The economic resources received or held by the organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government or its component units.
- ➤ The primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the organization.
- ➤ The economic resources received or held by the organization that the primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to that primary government.

The District has determined that the Biggs Educational Foundation, (the Foundation), a non-profit, public benefit corporation, meets the criteria set forth in GASB 39. However, since the Foundation does not issue audited financial statements, the financial statements of the District include only the financial data of the primary government, which consists of all funds that comprise the District's legal entity, and all funds for which it has a fiduciary responsibility. The financial statements do not include financial data of the Foundation, which accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be reported with the financial data of the primary government. As a result, these financial statements do not present fairly the financial position of the discretely presented component unit of the District, as of June 30, 2016, or the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The District has determined that the cost of including audited financial data, of its legally separate component unit, in the financial statements of the District, exceeds the benefits to be received by including such data. In addition, since the District's various oversight agencies do not require such data to be included, the District has elected to omit such data from its financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District and its component units, when applicable. The effect of interfund activity, within the governmental type activities columns, has been removed from these statements.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for the governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by a program, as well as grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major governmental fund is presented in a separate column, and all non-major funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

Fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions:

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 45, 60, 90 days after year-end, depending on the revenue source.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue:

Unearned revenue arises when assets are received before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred revenue. On governmental fund financial statements, receivables associated with non-exchange transactions that will not be collected within the availability period have also been recorded as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures:

On an accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity or retained earnings, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. District resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The District maintains the following fund types:

General Fund - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. Other resources also may be reported in the fund if those resources are restricted, committed, or assigned to the specified purpose of the fund.

Capital Projects Funds - Capital projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

The District's accounts are organized into major funds and fiduciary funds as follows:

Major Governmental Funds:

General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all transactions except those required or permitted by law to be accounted for in another fund.

Cafeteria Fund is used to account for revenues received and expenditures made to operate the District's cafeteria program.

Capital Facilities Fund is used to account for resources received from developer impact fees assessed under provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

Fiduciary Funds:

Private-Purpose Trust Funds are used to account for assets held by the District as trustee pursuant to formal agreements with donors and under which neither principal nor income may be used for purposes that support the District's own programs. The Foundation Private-Purpose Trust Fund is used to account separately for gifts or bequests that provide scholarships to students of the District. For financial reporting purposes, the financial activities and balances of the Nannie Grace Caldwell, Trust Under Will investment account, which is managed and held by Wells Fargo Bank N. A., for the benefit of the Biggs Unified School District, has been included in the District's Private Purpose Trust Fund. The account has been included due to the fact that certain members of the District's Board of Trustees are also members on the "Caldwell-Pitts, McKasson, Doty & Thomas Scholarship Fund Board" that has the ability to access the net income and principal of the account, as long as the funds are distributed to eligible recipients in the form of Caldwell-Pitts, McKasson, Doty & Thomas Scholarships.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Fund Accounting (Concluded)

Fiduciary Funds: (Concluded)

Agency Funds are used to account for assets of others for which the District acts as an agent. The District maintains an agency fund to account for the student body activities at Biggs Elementary School and Biggs High School. The student body funds are used to account for the raising and expending of money to promote the general welfare, and educational experience of the student body.

E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for all governmental funds. By state law, the District's governing board must adopt a final budget no later than July 1. A public hearing must be conducted to receive comments prior to adoption. The District's governing board satisfied these requirements.

These budgets are revised by the District's Governing Board and Superintendent during the year to give consideration to unanticipated income and expenditures. The original and final revised budget is presented for the General Fund and Cafeteria Fund as required supplementary information on pages 53 and 54.

Formal budgetary integration was employed as a management control device during the year for all budgeted funds. The District employs budget control by minor object and by individual appropriation accounts. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations by major object account.

F. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

G. <u>Encumbrances</u>

Encumbrance accounting is used in all budgeted funds to reserve portions of applicable appropriations for which commitments have been made. Encumbrances are recorded for purchase orders, contracts, and all other commitments when they are written. Encumbrances are liquidated when the commitments are paid. All encumbrances are liquidated at June 30.

H. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity</u>

1. Deposits and Investments

The District is authorized to maintain cash in banks and revolving funds that are insured to \$250,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and</u> Fund Equity (Continued)

1. Deposits and Investments (Concluded)

The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (Education Code Section 41001). The County is authorized to deposit cash and invest excess funds by California Government Code Section 53648 et seg. The funds maintained by the County are either secured by the FDIC or are collateralized. The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State: U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies; certificates of participation; obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations. Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost.

2. Stores Inventory

Inventories are recorded using the consumption method in that inventory acquisitions are initially recorded in inventory asset accounts and are recorded as expenditures when the supplies are used. Inventories are valued at average cost and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. Reported inventories are equally offset by a reserve, which indicates that these amounts are not available for appropriation.

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the asset's lives are not capitalized, but are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all capital assets is computed using a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	<u>Years</u>
Sites and Improvements	10-20
Buildings and Improvements	20-50
Furniture and Equipment	5-20

4. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and</u> Fund Equity (Continued)

4. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Concluded)

In addition to liabilities, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

5. Unearned Revenue

Cash received for federal and state special projects and programs is recognized as revenue to the extent that qualified expenditures have been incurred. Unearned revenue is recorded to the extent that cash received on specific projects and programs exceeds qualified expenditures.

6. Compensated Absences

All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken, since such benefits do not vest, nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

7. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), and additions to/deductions from the CalSTRS' and CalPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalSTRS and CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

8. Long-term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts as well as refunding costs, when applicable, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of applicable bond premiums, discounts, or refunding.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts as well as bond issuance and refunding costs, when debt is issued. The face amount of the debt issued, premiums, discounts, and issuance or refunding costs are reported as other financing sources or uses.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and</u> Fund Equity (Continued)

9. Fund Balance Classification

Governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance consists of funds that cannot be spent due to their form (e.g. inventories and prepaids) or funds that legally or contractually must be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance consists of funds that are mandated for a specific purpose by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance consists of funds that are set aside for a specific purpose by the district's highest level of decision making authority (governing board). Formal action must be taken prior to the end of the fiscal year. The same formal action must be taken to remove or change the limitations placed on the funds.

Assigned Fund Balance consists of funds that are set aside with the intent to be used for a specific purpose by the district's highest level of decision making authority or a body or official that has been given the authority to assign funds.

Unassigned Fund Balance consists of excess funds that have not been classified in the previous four categories. All funds in this category are considered spendable resources. This category also provides the resources necessary to meet unexpected expenditures and revenue shortfalls. The District's minimum fund balance policy requires a reserve for economic uncertainties of no less than 5% of total General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

The District considers restricted fund balances to have been spent first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Similarly, when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted classifications of fund balance could be used, the District considers committed amounts to be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

10. Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF)/Property Tax

The formula for determining the level of funding per student is the "Local Control Funding Formula" (LCFF). District funding under the LCFF is generally provided by a mix of State aid and local property taxes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONCLUDED)

H. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity (Concluded)</u>

10. Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF)/Property Tax (Concluded)

The County of Butte is responsible for assessing, collecting and apportioning property taxes to the District. Taxes are levied for each fiscal year on taxable real and personal property in the county. The levy is based on the assessed values as of the preceding January 1, which is also the lien date. Property taxes on the secured roll are due on November 1 and February 1, and taxes become delinquent after December 10 and April 10, respectively. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due on the lien date (January 1), and become delinquent if unpaid by August 31.

Secured property taxes are recorded as revenue when apportioned, in the fiscal year of the levy. The county apportions secured property tax revenue in accordance with the alternative method of distribution prescribed by Section 4705 of the California *Revenue and Taxation Code*. This alternate method provides for crediting each applicable fund with its total secured taxes upon completion of the secured tax roll, approximately October 1 of each year.

The County Auditor reports the amount of the District's allocated property tax revenue to the California Department of Education. Property taxes are recorded as local LCFF sources by the District. The California Department of Education reduces the District's LCFF entitlement by the District's local property tax revenue. Any balance remaining is paid from the State General Fund, and is known as LCFF State Aid.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Summary of Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2016, consist of the following:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Fiduciary <u>Activities</u>
Cash on Hand and in Banks Cash in Revolving Fund	\$ 6,711	\$ 187,282
Investments County Pool Investments	2,900,053	266,652 125,650
Total Deposits and Investments	<u>\$ 2,906,764</u>	<u>\$ 579,584</u>

Cash on Hand and in Banks

Cash on hand and in banks consists of all cash held by the District and all cash maintained in commercial bank accounts owned by the District, exclusive of amounts held in revolving funds.

Cash in Revolving Fund

Cash in revolving fund consists of all cash maintained in commercial bank accounts that are used as revolving funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments

Investments consists of a variety of assets held in the Nannie Grace Caldwell, Trust Under Will investment account, which is managed and held by Wells Fargo Bank N. A.. Since the financial institution trustee is responsible for making all investment decisions for the account, these financial statements do not include any information regarding the individual investments held within the account.

County Pool Investments

County pool investments consist of District cash held by the Butte County Treasury that is invested in the county investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the financial statements at amounts that are based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio).

General Authorization

Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the schedule below:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Remaining Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, as the length of the maturity of an investment increases, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Treasury that purchases a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Segmented Time Distribution

Information about the sensitivity of the fair value of the District's investment to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following schedule that shows the distribution of the District's investment by maturity:

Governmental Activities:

Covernmental Activities.	(Carrying	Fair	L	ess Than	l	More Than
Investment Type		Value	 Value		1 Year	-	1 Year
County Pool Investments	\$	2,900,053	\$ 2,918,323	\$	989,636	\$	1,910,417
Fiduciary Activities:	,	Cormina	Fair		ooo Thon		More Than
Investment Type		Carrying Value	 Value		ess Than 1 Year		1 Year
County Pool Investments	\$	125,650	\$ 126,442	\$	42,878	\$	82,772

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by the California Government Code, the District's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of the year-end for each investment type.

Governmental Activities:

	Carrying	Fair	Rating as of Year End	
Investment Type	Value	Value	AAA Aa Un	rated
County Pool Investments	\$ 2,900,053	\$ 2,918,323	\$ 2,	900,053
Fiduciary Activities:	Carrying	Fair	Rating as of Year End	
Investment Type	Value	<u>Value</u>	-	rated
County Pool Investments	\$ 125,650	\$ 126,442	\$	125,650

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONCLUDED)

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the District contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond the amount stipulated by the California Government Code. However, the District does not hold any investments in any one issuer, at year-end, that represents five percent or more of the total investments held by the District.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies.

California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2016, the District does not have a bank balance that is exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the name of the District.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

This is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The District does not have a policy limiting the amount of securities that can be held by counterparties. As of June 30, 2016, the District does not have any investments that are held by counterparties.

Derivative Investments

The District does not directly invest in any derivative investments. Information relating to the use of derivative investments by the Butte County Treasury was not available.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2016 consist of the following:

	General <u>Fund</u>	_	afeteria <u>Funds</u>	ſ	Capital Facilities Fund	 Total vernmental <u>Activities</u>
Federal Government	\$ 31,472	\$	32,681			\$ 64,153
State Government	141,023		2,671			143,694
Local Government	29,700					29,700
Interest	4,346		117	\$	787	5,250
Miscellaneous	 46,717				_	46,717
Totals	\$ 253,258	\$	35,469	\$	787	\$ 289,514

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND ACTIVITIES

Interfund transactions are reported as either loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables, as appropriate, and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers.

A. Due From/Due To Other Funds

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2016 are as follows:

<u>Funds</u>		nterfund <u>eceivables</u>	Interfund <u>Payables</u>		
General Cafeteria	\$	13,233 46,061	\$	46,061 13,233	
Totals	<u>\$</u>	59,294	\$	59,294	

All interfund receivables and payables are scheduled to be paid within one year.

B. <u>Interfund Transfers</u>

Interfund transfers consist of operating transfers from funds receiving revenue to funds through which the resources are to be expended. Interfund transfers for fiscal year 2015-16 were as follows:

<u>Funds</u>	<u>Transfers In</u>	Transfers Out		
General Cafeteria	\$ 143,37 <u>5</u>	\$	143,375	
Totals	\$ 143.375	\$	143,375	

Transfer of \$143,375 from General Fund to Cafeteria Fund to supplement child nutrition program.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016, is presented below:

	Balances July 1, 2015		Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balances ne 30, 2016
Land	\$ 283,366				\$ 283,366
Sites and Improvements	434,204				434,204
Buildings and Improvements	4,382,203	\$	63,187		4,445,390
Furniture and Equipment	1,096,390		115,430		1,211,820
Work-in-Progress	585,143	_	30,915	 	 616,058
Totals at Historical Cost	 6,781,306		209,532	\$ 0	 6,990,838
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:					
Sites and Improvements	234,124		20,776		254,900
Buildings and Improvements	3,094,563		78,916		3,173,479
Furniture and Equipment	812,930		53,249		 866,179
Total Accumulated Depreciation	4,141,617	_	152,941	 0	 4,294,558
Governmental Activities					
Capital Assets, net	\$ 2,639,689	\$	56,591	\$ 0	\$ 2,696,280

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Instruction	\$ 87,984
Pupil Services	26,450
General Administration	16,876
Plant Services	 21,631
Total	\$ 152,941

NOTE 6 - EARLY RETIREMENT INCENTIVES

In addition to the post employment benefits described in Note 7, the District has negotiated early retirement incentive agreements with certain individuals, which provide retiree health benefits that are above and beyond the benefits described in Note 7. As of June 30, 2016, there were three individuals receiving benefits under these additional agreements.

Future estimated payments required to provide these benefits are as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Early Retirement Incentives
2017 2018	\$ 10,198
2019	0
2020	0
2021	0
2022-26	16,000
2027-31	4,000
Total	<u>\$ 30,198</u>

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 7 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

From an accrual accounting perspective, the cost of post employment healthcare benefits (OPEB), like the cost of pension benefits, generally should be associated with the periods in which the cost occurs, rather than in the future year when the benefits are paid or provided. Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45 requires an accrual basis measurement and recognition of OPEB cost over a period that approximates employees' years of service and provides information about actuarial accrued liabilities associated with OPEB and to what extent progress is being made in funding the plan.

Plan Description:

<u>Certificated employees</u> may retire with District-paid medical, dental, and vision benefits after the later of age 55 and 15 years of District service credit. Benefits are paid for 7 years plus one additional year for each 5 years of service credit in excess of 15, to a maximum of 10 years of District-paid benefits. The annual District contribution during retirement is subject to a cap of 100% of the cost of insurance premiums at the time of retirement. In applying the 100% rule, each coverage (i.e., medical, dental and vision) is capped separately and then summed to determine the total District contribution.

<u>Classified, Confidential, and Classified Management</u> employees may retire with District-paid medical benefits after the later of age 50 and 10 years of continuous service. Benefits are paid for the lesser of 5 years or until age 65 (Medicare eligibility age). If the retiree dies before the end of the prescribed benefit period, the surviving spouse will be entitled to any unused benefits.

<u>Certificated Management</u> employees negotiate their own retiree health packages. Contracts currently in effect guarantee benefits at least as valuable as those provided to Certificated unit members.

The District had 15 retired employees receiving benefits and 50 active employees, as of July 1, 2013, the effective date of the triennial OPEB valuation. For the District, OPEB benefits are administered by District personnel. No separate financial statements are issued.

<u>Funding Policy</u>: The District's agreement with employees is for monthly contributions for members who meet the eligibility criteria of their collective bargaining agreement and who retire during the term of the contract. The contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District's Board of Trustees through the collective bargaining process. The members receiving benefits contributions vary depending on the level of coverage selected. The District currently pays for post employment healthcare benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis, and these financial statements assume that pay-as-you-go funding will continue.

<u>Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation</u>: The following table shows the components of the District's Annual OPEB Cost for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the District's Net OPEB Obligation that resulted in a Net OPEB Obligation of \$1,184,314 for the year ended June 30, 2016.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 7 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONCLUDED)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (Concluded):

Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$	317,295
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation		41,255
Adjustment to ARC		(59,644)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)		298,906
Contributions for the fiscal year		(145,960)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation		152,946
Net OPEB Obligation - June 30, 2015		1,031,368
Net OPEB Obligation - June 30, 2016	<u>\$</u>	1,184,314

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the last three fiscal years was as follows:

	Annual	Percentage	Net OPEB
Fiscal Year Ended	OPEB Cost	<u>Contributed</u>	<u>Obligation</u>
June 30, 2016	\$ 298,906	48.83%	\$ 1,184,314
June 30, 2015	300,713	66.29%	1,031,368
June 30, 2014	302,538	66.17%	929,997

<u>Actuarial Methods and Assumptions</u>: Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point.

The projection of future benefits for an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of future events far into the future. Examples include mortality, turnover, disability, retirement and other factors that affect the number of people eligible to receive future retiree benefits. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets in increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability or benefits.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 7 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONCLUDED)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Concluded): In the July 1, 2013, actuarial valuation, the liabilities were computed using the projected unit credit cost method and the District's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized using the level dollar method over 30 years. The valuation utilized a 4% discount rate and a 4% expected long-term rate of return on District assets. The valuation assumes an initial medical rate increase of 8% which grades down to an ultimate rate of 5% after four years. Dental premiums are assumed to increase by 4% per year.

NOTE 8 - RETIREMENT PLANS

Qualified employees are covered under retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are eligible to participate under the multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined benefit plan administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are eligible to participate under the multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined benefit plan administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

The District reported net pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources in the accompanying statement of net position as follows:

	Net	Deferred	Deferred	
	Pension	Outflows of	Inflows of	
Pension Plan	Liability	Resources	Re	esources
CalSTRS	\$ 3,195,863	\$ 371,808	\$	292,873
CalPERS	1,467,131	260,190		166,580
Totals	\$ 4,662,994	\$ 631,998	\$	459,453

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The California State Teachers Retirement System (CalSTRS) provides pension benefits, including disability and survivor benefits, to California full-time and part-time public school teachers and certain other employees of the public school system. The Teachers' Retirement Law (California Education Code Section 22000 et seq.), as enacted and amended by the California Legislature, established the plan and CalSTRS as the administrator. The benefit terms of the plan may be amended through legislation. CalSTRS issues a stand-alone comprehensive annual financial report available to the public that can be found on the CalSTRS website.

Benefits Provided

The State Teachers' Retirement Plan (STRP) is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined benefit plan. The STRP holds assets for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to members and beneficiaries of these programs and to defray reasonable expenses for administering the STRP. Although CalSTRS is the administrator of the STRP, the State of California is the sponsor of the STRP and obligor of the trust. In addition, the state is both an employer and nonemployer contributing entity of the STRP.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 8 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Concluded)

The STRP Defined Benefit Program has two benefit formulas:

- CalSTRS 2% at 60: Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012, to perform services that could be creditable to CalSTRS.
- CalSTRS 2% at 62: Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, to perform services that could be creditable to CalSTRS.

The Defined Benefit Program provides retirement benefits based on a members' final compensation, age and years of service credit. In addition, the retirement program provides benefits to members upon disability and to survivors/beneficiaries upon the death of eligible members. There are several differences between the two benefit formulas and some of the differences are noted below.

CalSTRS 2% at 60

CalSTRS 2% at 60 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 60, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0% of final compensation for each year of credited service. Early retirement options are available at age 55 with five years of credited service or as early as age 50 with 30 years of credited service. The age factor for retirements after age 60 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4% at age 63 or older. Members who have 30 years or more of credited service receive an additional increase of up to 0.2% to the age factor, known as the career factor. The maximum benefit with the career factor is 2.4% of final compensation.

CalSTRS calculates retirement benefits based on one-year final compensation for members who retired on or after January 1, 2001, with 25 or more years of service, or for classroom teachers with less than 25 years of credited service if the employer entered into, extended, renewed, or amended an agreement prior to January 1, 2014, to elect to pay the additional benefit cost for all of its classroom teachers. One year final compensation means a member's highest average annual compensation earnable for 12 consecutive months based on the creditable compensation that a member could earn in a school year while employed on a full-time basis. For members with less than 25 years of credited service, final compensation is the highest average annual compensation earnable for any 36 consecutive months of credited service.

CalSTRS 2% at 62

CalSTRS 2% at 62 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 62, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0% of final compensation for each year of credited service. An early retirement option is available at age 55. The age factor for retirement after age 62 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4% at age 65 or older.

All CalSTRS 2% at 62 members have their final compensation based on their highest average annual compensation earnable for any 36 consecutive months of credited service.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 8 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (Continued)

Contributions

Required member, employer and state contribution rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. The statutory contribution rates and other sources of contributions to the Defined Benefit Program are as follows:

Members: Under CalSTRS 2% at 60, the member contribution rate was 9.20% of applicable member earnings for fiscal year 2015-16. Under CalSTRS 2% at 62, the member contribution rate was 8.56% of applicable member earnings for fiscal year 2015-16. The rate imposed on CalSTRS 2% at 62 members is based on the normal cost of benefits.

<u>Employers</u>: Pursuant to Chapter 47, Statutes of 2014 (AB 1469 - Bonta), the employer contribution rate was 10.73% of applicable member earnings for fiscal year 2015-16. The District contributed \$260,310 to the plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

<u>State</u>: The contribution was 2.017% of the members' creditable earnings from the fiscal year ending in the prior calendar year. Also, as a result of AB 1469 - Bonta, the additional state appropriation required to fully fund the benefits in effect as of 1990 by 2046 is specified in Education Code Section 22955.1(b). The additional state contribution for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 was 2.874%. Including a 2.50% contribution for SBMA funding, the total state appropriation to the defined benefit program was 7.391% for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

<u>District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred</u> Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability associated with the District was as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 3,195,863
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the District	67,682
Total net pension liability attributed to District	\$ 3,263,545

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating school districts and the State. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2015 was as follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 8 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. <u>California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (Continued)</u>

<u>District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred</u> Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Concluded)

Proportion - June 30, 2014	0.0047%
Proportion - June 30, 2015	0.0046%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	-0.0002%

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$527,277, inclusive of \$149,500 of support provided by the State. At June 30, 2016, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	O	Deferred utflows of esources	lr	Deferred of sources
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	260,310		
Differences between expected and actual experience			\$	53,382
Changes in employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions		111,498		
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments				239,491
Totals	\$	371,808	\$	292,873

The deferred outflows of resources related to District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended		
June 30	_	
2017	\$	(91,126)
2018		(91,126)
2019		(91,126)
2020		72,631
2021		9,686
2022		9,686

Differences between expected and actual experience, changes in employer's proportion and differences in employer's contributions and employer's proportionate share of contributions are amortized over a closed period equal to the average remaining service life of plan members, which is 7 years as of June 30, 2015. Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and reduced over a closed 5-year period.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 8 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total pension liability for the STRP was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2015. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, used the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date June 30, 2014

Experience Study July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2010

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Investment Rate of Return ¹ 7.60% Consumer Price Inflation 3.00% Wage Growth 3.75%

Post-retirement Benefit 2.00% simple for DB (Annually)

Maintain 85% purchasing power level for DB

CalSTRS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are based on RP2000 series tables adjusted to fit CalSTRS experience. RP2000 series tables are an industry standard set of mortality rates published by the Society of Actuaries. See CalSTRS July 1, 2006 - June 30, 2010 Experience Analysis for more information.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investments expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best-estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant (Pension Consulting Alliance - PCA) as an input to the process. Based on the model from CalSTRS consulting actuary's (Milliman) investment practice, a best estimate range was determined by assuming the portfolio is re-balanced annually and that annual returns are lognormally distributed and independent from year to year to develop expected percentiles for the long-term distribution of annualized returns. The assumed asset allocation by PCA is based on board policy for target asset allocation in effect February 2, 2012, the date the current experience study was approved by the board. Best estimates of 10-year geometric real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class used as input to develop the actuarial investment rate of return are summarized in the following table:

¹ Net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses. CalSTRS uses a 7.5% assumed investment rate of return for funding purposes, which is net of administrative expenses.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 8 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. <u>California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (Concluded)</u>

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Concluded)

	Assumed	Long-Term*
	Asset	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equity	47%	4.50%
Private Equity	12%	6.20%
Real Estate	15%	4.35%
Inflation Sensitive	5%	3.20%
Fixed Income	20%	0.20%
Cash / Liquidity	1%	0.00%
Total	100%	

^{* 10-}year geometric average

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.60%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increases as per AB 1469 - Bonta. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.60%) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expenses occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 7.60%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.60%) or one percentage point higher (8.60%) than the current rate:

	Dis	scount Rate	Dis	scount Rate	Dis	scount Rate
	1% Decrease Current Rate		1% Increase			
		6.60%		7.60%		8.60%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	Φ.	4,825,504	\$	3,195,863	\$	1.841,499
the het pension hability	Ψ	4,023,304	Ψ	3, 193,003	Ψ	1,041,433

Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS financial report.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 8 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description, Benefits Provided, and Employees Covered

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by the CalPERS. All employees who work at least half time or are appointed to a job that will last at least six months and one day are eligible for CalPERS. Benefits vest after five years. Employees are eligible to retire at or after age 50 having attained five years of credited service and are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. Employees hired after January 1, 2013 with five years of credit service must be at least age 52 to retire.

The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Active plan members who entered into the plan prior to January 1, 2013 are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary, and new members entering into the plan on or after January 1, 2013 are required to contribute the higher of 50% of the total normal cost rate for their defined benefit plan or 6.0% of their salary. The District's contractually required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 was 11.847% of annual payroll. The District's contribution to CalPERS for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 was \$135,564.

<u>District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

As of June 30, 2016, the District reported a liability of \$1,467,131 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014 rolled forward to June 30, 2015 using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2015 was as follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 8 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (Continued)

<u>District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

Proportion - June 30, 2014	0.0096%
Proportion - June 30, 2015	0.0100%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.0004%

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$173,988. At June 30, 2016, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	O	Deferred utflows of esources	- Ir	Deferred of the sources of the sources
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	135,564		
Differences between expected and actual experience		84,573		
Changes of assumptions			\$	90,921
Changes in employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions		40,053		35,528
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments				40,131
Totals	\$	260,190	\$	166,580

The deferred outflows of resources related to District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

 Year Ended June 30	_	
2017	\$	(39,986)
2018		(39,986)
2019		(22,222)
2020		60 240

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 8 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (Continued)

<u>District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred</u> Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Concluded)

Differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, and changes in employer's proportion and differences in employer's contributions and employer's proportionate share of contributions are amortized over a closed period equal to the average remaining service life of plan members, which is 4 years as of June 30, 2015. Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and reduced over a closed 5-year period.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2014
Measurement Date	June 30, 2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.50%
Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%
Payroll Growth	3.00%
Investment Rate of Return (1)	7.50%
Post Retirement Benefit Increase (2)	

- (1) Net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses, includes inflation
- (2) Contract COLA up to 2.00% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies, 2.75% thereafter

Mortality rate table used was developed based on CalPERS specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2011, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. Further details of the Experience Study can be found on the CalPERS website.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. A projection of the expected benefit payments and contributions was performed to determine if assets would run out. The test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Schools Pool. The results of the crossover testing for the Schools Pool are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained at CalPERS website.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 8 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. <u>California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (Continued)</u>

Discount Rate (Continued)

According to Paragraph 30 of Statement 68, the long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The 7.50% investment return assumption used in this accounting valuation is net of administrative expenses. Administrative expenses are assumed to be 15 basis points. An investment return excluding administrative expenses would have been 7.65%. Using this lower discount rate has resulted in a slightly higher total pension liability and net pension liability. For the Schools Pool, this difference was deemed immaterial.

CalPERS is scheduled to review all actuarial assumptions as part of its regular asset liability management review cycle that is scheduled to be completed in February 2018. Any changes to the discount rate will require Board action and proper stakeholder outreach. For these reasons, CalPERS expects to continue using a discount rate net of administrative expenses for GASB 67 and 68 calculations through at least the 2017-18 fiscal year. CalPERS will continue to check the materiality of the difference in calculation until such time as we have changed our methodology.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 8 - RETIREMENT PLANS (CONCLUDED)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (Concluded)

Discount Rate (Concluded)

Asset Class	Current Target Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10(a)	Real Return Years 11+(b)
Global Equity	51.0%	5.25%	5.71%
Global Debt Securities	19.0%	0.99%	2.43%
Inflation Assets	6.0%	0.45%	3.36%
Private Equity	10.0%	6.83%	6.95%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.50%	5.13%
Infrastructure and Forestland	2.0%	4.50%	5.09%
Liquidity	2.0%	-0.55%	-1.05%
Total	100%		

⁽a) An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period

<u>Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.50%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

	Dis	scount Rate	Dis	scount Rate		Discount Rate	
	1% Decrease		C	Current Rate		1% Increase	
	6.50%			7.50%		8.50%	
District's proportionate share of						_	
the net pension liability	\$	2,387,877	\$	1,467,131	\$	701,468	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

C. Social Security

As established by Federal law, all public sector employees who are not members of their employer's existing retirement system (CalSTRS or CalPERS) must be covered by social security or an alternative plan. The District has elected to use Social Security as its alternative plan. Contributions made by the District and participating employees vest immediately. Both the District and participating employees were required to contribute 6.2% of an employee's gross earnings, up to the annual limit.

⁽b) An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM LIABILITES

A schedule of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2016, is shown below:

		Balances						Balances	Dı	ue within
	J	luly 1, 2015	_	Additions	D	eductions	June 30, 2016		One Year	
Compensated Absences	\$	25,786	\$	33,704	\$	25,786	\$	33,704	\$	33,704
Early Retirement Incentives		40,396				10,198		30,198		10,198
Other Post Employment Benefits		1,031,368		298,906		145,960		1,184,314		
Net Pension Liability - CalSTRS		2,660,107		535,756				3,195,863		
Net Pension Liability - CalPERS		1,090,732		376,399				1,467,131		
Totals	\$	4,848,389	\$	1,244,765	\$	181,944	\$	5,911,210	\$	43,902

All long-term liabilities are primarily obligations of the General Fund.

NOTE 10 - FUND BALANCES

The District's fund balances at June 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

	General Fund		Ca	Cafeteria Fund		Capital Facilities Fund		Totals	
Nonspendable:									
Revolving Cash	\$	2,000	\$	4,711			\$	6,711	
Stores Inventory				9,760				9,760	
Total Nonspendable		2,000		14,471				16,471	
Restricted:									
Categorical Programs		109,696		57,818				167,514	
Developer Fees					\$	361,117		361,117	
Total Restricted		109,696		57,818		361,117		528,631	
Assigned:									
Stadium Lights Project		175,000						175,000	
2% Salary Increase 2017/2018		100,000						100,000	
Necessary Small School Reduction		278,000						278,000	
Postemployment Benefits		489,338						489,338	
Total Assigned	1	,042,338		0		0		1,042,338	
Unassigned:									
Reserve for Economic Uncertainties		587,688						587,688	
Remaining Unassigned Balance		618,868						618,868	
Total Unassigned	1	,206,556		0		0		1,206,556	
Total Fund Balances	\$ 2	2,360,590	\$	72,289	\$	361,117	\$	2,793,996	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 11 - ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS MADE BY THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

The District was the recipient of on-behalf payments made by the State of California to the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) for K-12 education. These payments consist of state general fund contributions of \$149,500 to CalSTRS (7.12589% of creditable compensation subject to CalSTRS).

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2015-16, the District participated in three joint powers authorities (JPAs) for purposes of pooling for risk. There were no significant reductions in coverage during the year. Settlements have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three years.

NOTE 13 - JOINT VENTURES

The District participates in three joint ventures under joint powers agreements with Butte Schools Self-Funded Program (BSSP), North Valley Schools Insurance Group (NVSIG), and the Schools Excess Liability Fund (SELF). The relationships between the District and the JPAs are such that the JPAs are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

The JPAs arrange for and/or provide coverage or services for its members. The JPAs are governed by a board consisting of a representative from each member district. Each board controls the operations of their JPAs, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets independent of any influence by the member districts beyond their representation on the Board. Each member district pays a premium commensurate with the level of coverage or service requested and shares surpluses and deficits proportionately to their participation in the JPAs. The JPAs are audited on an annual basis. Audited financial statements can be obtained by contacting each JPA's management.

NOTE 14 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. <u>State and Federal Allowances, Awards and Grants</u>

The District has received state and federal funds for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could generate expenditure disallowances under terms of the grants, it is believed that any required reimbursements will not be material.

B. <u>Litigation</u>

The District is subject to various legal proceedings and claims. In the opinion of management, the ultimate liability with respect to these actions will not materially affect the financial position or results of operations of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 15 - RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

The beginning fund balance of the Scholarship Fund has been restated to include the investments held in the Nannie Grace Caldwell, Trust Under Will investment account, which is managed and held by Wells Fargo Bank N. A.. The account balance has been included to reflect the fiduciary relationship between the District and the "Caldwell-Pitts Scholarship Fund Board".

The effect of the restatement on the current year financial statements is as follows:

	of C	tement hanges t Position
Net Position - July 1, 2015 (as originally stated)	\$	205,736
Understatement of Investments		284,902
Net Position - July 1, 2015 (as restated)	\$	490,638

NOTE 16 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District's management has evaluated events or transactions that occurred for possible recognition or disclosure in the financial statements from the balance sheet date through December 7, 2016, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Management has determined that there were no subsequent events or transactions that require disclosure in or adjustment to the current year financial statements.



BIGGS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Local Sources		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
State Apportionment / Transfers \$ 3,251,558 \$ 3,199,555 \$ 3,228,332 \$ 28,7 Local Sources Local Sources 1,965,229 2,334,364 2,278,538 (55,68,65) Total LCFF Sources 5,216,787 5,533,919 5,506,870 (27,08,65) Federal Revenue 432,859 471,547 360,540 (111,08,11) 955,470 (146,30,12) Other Local Revenue 288,468 274,510 274,248 (27,20,20,20) (27,20,20,20) Total Revenues 6,586,780 7,381,787 7,097,128 (284,60,20,20,20) (284,60,20,20,20,20) (284,60,20,20,20,20,20,20,20,20,20) (284,60,20,20,20,20,20,20,20,20,20,20,20,20,20	Revenues				
Local Sources 1,965,229 2,334,364 2,278,538 (55,68) Total LCFF Sources 5,216,787 5,533,919 5,506,870 (27,08) Federal Revenue 432,859 471,547 360,540 (111,08) Other State Revenue 648,666 1,101,811 955,470 (146,38) Other Local Revenue 288,468 274,510 274,248 (27,097,128) Total Revenues 6,586,780 7,381,787 7,097,128 (284,68) Expenditures 2 2,482,515 2,586,896 2,517,166 69,707,17,166 Classified Salaries 1,162,212 1,166,799 1,144,241 22,586,896 2,517,166 69,707,17					
Total LCFF Sources 5,216,787 5,533,919 5,506,870 (27,07) Federal Revenue 432,859 471,547 360,540 (111,07) Other State Revenue 648,666 1,101,811 955,470 (146,57) Other Local Revenue 288,468 274,510 274,248 (27,07) Total Revenues 6,586,780 7,381,787 7,097,128 (284,67) Expenditures Certificated Salaries 2,482,515 2,586,896 2,517,166 69,77 Classified Salaries 1,162,212 1,166,799 1,144,241 22,57 Employee Benefits 1,266,407 1,391,340 1,354,325 37,67 Books and Supplies 541,531 668,288 599,509 68,7 Services and Other 0 0 0 145,8 Capital Outlay 304,729 492,033 196,301 295,7 Other Expenditures 134,080 199,080 194,398 4,6 Total Expenditures (208,456) 30,534 390,267					
Federal Revenue 432,859 471,547 360,540 (111,60) Other State Revenue 648,666 1,101,811 955,470 (146,30) Other Local Revenue 288,468 274,510 274,248 (200,40) Total Revenues 6,586,780 7,381,787 7,097,128 (284,60) Expenditures 2 86,780 7,381,787 7,097,128 (284,60) Expenditures 2 82,515 2,586,896 2,517,166 69,700,70,70 69,700,70 69,70 7,381,340 1,354,325 37,00 37,00 37,00 86,70 86,730 39,500 86,70 86,70 37,00 86,70	Local Sources	1,965,229	2,334,364	2,278,538	(55,826)
Other State Revenue 648,666 (Diter Local Revenue) 1,101,811 (Diter Local Revenue) 955,470 (Diter Local Revenue) (146,300 (Diter Local Revenue)) (284,600 (Diter Local Revenue)) (274,248 (Diter Local Revenue)) (284,600 (Diter Local Revenue)) (284,600 (Diter Local Revenue)) (284,600 (Diter Local Revenue)) (284,600 (Diter Revenue)) (Total LCFF Sources	5,216,787	5,533,919	5,506,870	(27,049)
Other Local Revenue 288,468 274,510 274,248 (2 Total Revenues 6,586,780 7,381,787 7,097,128 (284,6 Expenditures Certificated Salaries 2,482,515 2,586,896 2,517,166 69,7 Classified Salaries 1,162,212 1,166,799 1,144,241 22,5 Employee Benefits 1,266,407 1,391,340 1,354,325 37,6 Books and Supplies 541,531 668,288 599,509 68,7 Services and Other Operating Expenditures 903,762 846,817 700,921 145,8 Capital Outlay 304,729 492,033 196,301 295,7 Other Expenditures 134,080 199,080 194,398 4,6 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 6,795,236 7,351,253 6,706,861 644,3 Other Financing (Uses) (208,456) 30,534 390,267 359,7 Other Financing (Uses) (61,267) 0 (143,375) (143,3 Operating Transfers Out </td <td>Federal Revenue</td> <td>432,859</td> <td>471,547</td> <td>360,540</td> <td>(111,007)</td>	Federal Revenue	432,859	471,547	360,540	(111,007)
Total Revenues 6,586,780 7,381,787 7,097,128 (284,678) Expenditures Certificated Salaries 2,482,515 2,586,896 2,517,166 69,78 Classified Salaries 1,162,212 1,166,799 1,144,241 22,5 Employee Benefits 1,266,407 1,391,340 1,354,325 37, Books and Supplies 541,531 668,288 599,509 68,7 Services and Other Operating Expenditures 903,762 846,817 700,921 145,8 Capital Outlay 304,729 492,033 196,301 295,7 Other Expenditures 134,080 199,080 194,398 4,6 Total Expenditures 6,795,236 7,351,253 6,706,861 644,3 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (208,456) 30,534 390,267 359,7 Other Financing (Uses) Operating Transfers Out (61,267) 0 (143,375) (143,3 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (61,267) 0 (143,375) (143,3 <t< td=""><td>Other State Revenue</td><td>•</td><td></td><td>955,470</td><td>(146,341)</td></t<>	Other State Revenue	•		955,470	(146,341)
Expenditures 2,482,515 2,586,896 2,517,166 69,7 Classified Salaries 1,162,212 1,166,799 1,144,241 22,5 Employee Benefits 1,266,407 1,391,340 1,354,325 37,0 Books and Supplies 541,531 668,288 599,509 68,7 Services and Other 0perating Expenditures 903,762 846,817 700,921 145,8 Capital Outlay 304,729 492,033 196,301 295,7 Other Expenditures 134,080 199,080 194,398 4,6 Total Expenditures 6,795,236 7,351,253 6,706,861 644,3 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (208,456) 30,534 390,267 359,7 Other Financing (Uses) (61,267) 0 (143,375) (143,3 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (61,267) 0 (143,375) (143,3 Net Change in Fund Balances (269,723) 30,534 246,892 \$ 216,3	Other Local Revenue	288,468	274,510	274,248	(262)
Certificated Salaries 2,482,515 2,586,896 2,517,166 69,70 Classified Salaries 1,162,212 1,166,799 1,144,241 22,51 Employee Benefits 1,266,407 1,391,340 1,354,325 37,70 Books and Supplies 541,531 668,288 599,509 68,70 Services and Other 0 0 70,921 145,60 Capital Outlay 304,729 492,033 196,301 295,70 Other Expenditures 134,080 199,080 194,398 4,60 Total Expenditures 6,795,236 7,351,253 6,706,861 644,30 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (208,456) 30,534 390,267 359,70 Other Financing (Uses) (61,267) 0 (143,375) (143,30) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (61,267) 0 (143,375) (143,375) Net Change in Fund Balances (269,723) 30,534 246,892 \$ 216,30	Total Revenues	6,586,780	7,381,787	7,097,128	(284,659)
Classified Salaries 1,162,212 1,166,799 1,144,241 22,5 Employee Benefits 1,266,407 1,391,340 1,354,325 37,0 Books and Supplies 541,531 668,288 599,509 68,7 Services and Other Operating Expenditures 903,762 846,817 700,921 145,8 Capital Outlay 304,729 492,033 196,301 295,7 Other Expenditures 134,080 199,080 194,398 4,6 Total Expenditures 6,795,236 7,351,253 6,706,861 644,3 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (208,456) 30,534 390,267 359,7 Other Financing (Uses) (61,267) 0 (143,375) (143,3 Operating Transfers Out (61,267) 0 (143,375) (143,3 Net Change in Fund Balances (269,723) 30,534 246,892 \$ 216,3	Expenditures				
Employee Benefits 1,266,407 1,391,340 1,354,325 37,0 Books and Supplies 541,531 668,288 599,509 68,7 Services and Other 0perating Expenditures 903,762 846,817 700,921 145,8 Capital Outlay 304,729 492,033 196,301 295,7 Other Expenditures 134,080 199,080 194,398 4,6 Total Expenditures 6,795,236 7,351,253 6,706,861 644,3 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (208,456) 30,534 390,267 359,7 Other Financing (Uses) (61,267) 0 (143,375) (143,375) Total Other Financing (61,267) 0 (143,375) (143,375) Net Change in Fund Balances (269,723) 30,534 246,892 \$ 216,30	Certificated Salaries	2,482,515	2,586,896	2,517,166	69,730
Books and Supplies 541,531 668,288 599,509 68,75 Services and Other 0perating Expenditures 903,762 846,817 700,921 145,8 Capital Outlay 304,729 492,033 196,301 295,7 Other Expenditures 134,080 199,080 194,398 4,6 Total Expenditures 6,795,236 7,351,253 6,706,861 644,3 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (208,456) 30,534 390,267 359,7 Other Financing (Uses) Operating Transfers Out (61,267) 0 (143,375) (143,3 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (61,267) 0 (143,375) (143,3 Net Change in Fund Balances (269,723) 30,534 246,892 \$ 216,3	Classified Salaries	1,162,212	1,166,799	1,144,241	22,558
Services and Other Operating Expenditures 903,762 846,817 700,921 145,8 Capital Outlay 304,729 492,033 196,301 295,7 Other Expenditures 134,080 199,080 194,398 4,6 Total Expenditures 6,795,236 7,351,253 6,706,861 644,3 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (208,456) 30,534 390,267 359,7 Other Financing (Uses) (61,267) 0 (143,375) (143,3 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (61,267) 0 (143,375) (143,3 Net Change in Fund Balances (269,723) 30,534 246,892 \$ 216,3	Employee Benefits	1,266,407	1,391,340	1,354,325	37,015
Capital Outlay 304,729 492,033 196,301 295,7 Other Expenditures 134,080 199,080 194,398 4,6 Total Expenditures 6,795,236 7,351,253 6,706,861 644,3 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (208,456) 30,534 390,267 359,7 Other Financing (Uses) (61,267) 0 (143,375) (143,3 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (61,267) 0 (143,375) (143,3 Net Change in Fund Balances (269,723) 30,534 246,892 \$ 216,3	• •	541,531	668,288	599,509	68,779
Other Expenditures 134,080 199,080 194,398 4,6 Total Expenditures 6,795,236 7,351,253 6,706,861 644,3 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (208,456) 30,534 390,267 359,7 Other Financing (Uses) (61,267) 0 (143,375) (143,3 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (61,267) 0 (143,375) (143,3 Net Change in Fund Balances (269,723) 30,534 246,892 \$ 216,3	Operating Expenditures	903,762	846,817	700,921	145,896
Total Expenditures 6,795,236 7,351,253 6,706,861 644,3 Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (208,456) 30,534 390,267 359,7 Other Financing (Uses) Operating Transfers Out (61,267) 0 (143,375) (143,3 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (61,267) 0 (143,375) (143,3 Net Change in Fund Balances (269,723) 30,534 246,892 \$ 216,3	Capital Outlay	304,729	492,033	196,301	295,732
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (208,456) 30,534 390,267 359,7 Other Financing (Uses) Operating Transfers Out (61,267) 0 (143,375) (143,375) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (61,267) 0 (143,375) (143,375) Net Change in Fund Balances (269,723) 30,534 246,892 \$ 216,375	Other Expenditures	134,080	199,080	194,398	4,682
(Under) Expenditures (208,456) 30,534 390,267 359,70 Other Financing (Uses) (61,267) 0 (143,375) (143,375) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (61,267) 0 (143,375) (143,375) Net Change in Fund Balances (269,723) 30,534 246,892 \$ 216,325	Total Expenditures	6,795,236	7,351,253	6,706,861	644,392
Other Financing (Uses) 0 (143,375) (143,375) Operating Transfers Out (61,267) 0 (143,375) (143,375) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (61,267) 0 (143,375) (143,375) Net Change in Fund Balances (269,723) 30,534 246,892 \$ 216,3	Excess of Revenues Over				
Operating Transfers Out (61,267) 0 (143,375) (143,375) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (61,267) 0 (143,375) (143,375) Net Change in Fund Balances (269,723) 30,534 246,892 \$ 216,3	(Under) Expenditures	(208,456)	30,534	390,267	359,733
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (61,267) 0 (143,375) (143,3 Net Change in Fund Balances (269,723) 30,534 246,892 \$ 216,3	Other Financing (Uses)				
Sources (Uses) (61,267) 0 (143,375) (143,3 Net Change in Fund Balances (269,723) 30,534 246,892 \$ 216,3	Operating Transfers Out	(61,267)	0	(143,375)	(143,375)
Net Change in Fund Balances (269,723) 30,534 246,892 \$ 216,3	Total Other Financing				
	Sources (Uses)	(61,267)	0	(143,375)	(143,375)
Fund Balances - July 1, 2015 2,113,698 2,113,698 2,113,698	Net Change in Fund Balances	(269,723)	30,534	246,892	\$ 216,358
	Fund Balances - July 1, 2015	2,113,698	2,113,698	2,113,698	
Fund Balances - June 30, 2016 \$ 1,843,975 \$ 2,144,232 \$ 2,360,590	Fund Balances - June 30, 2016	\$ 1,843,975	\$ 2,144,232	\$ 2,360,590	

BIGGS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CAFETERIA FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

D	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues	•			
Federal Revenue	\$ 245,600	\$ 237,462	\$ 237,476	\$ 14
Other State Revenue	19,500	18,400	18,422	22
Other Local Revenue	13,000	13,600	13,717	117
Total Revenues	278,100	269,462	269,615	153
Expenditures				
Classified Salaries	135,093	139,364	138,795	569
Employee Benefits	46,204	43,874	43,494	380
Food and Supplies	139,500	164,750	164,157	593
Services and Other				
Operating Expenditures	2,650	2,294	698	1,596
Other Expenditures	15,920	15,920	13,233	2,687
Total Expenditures	339,367	366,202	360,377	5,825
Excess of Revenues				
(Under) Expenditures	(61,267)	(96,740)	(90,762)	5,978
Other Financing Sources				
Operating Transfers In	61,267	77,064	143,375	66,311
Net Change in Fund Balances	0	(19,676)	52,613	\$ 72,289
Fund Balances - July 1, 2015	19,676	19,676	19,676	
Fund Balances - June 30, 2016	\$ 19,676	\$ 0	\$ 72,289	

BIGGS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Actuarial Valuation Date	 ie of	 Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	Percentage of Covered Payroll
7/1/13	\$ 0	\$ 2,832,661	\$ 2,832,661	0%	\$ 2,780,176	101.89%
7/1/10	0	3,159,505	3,159,505	0%	3,043,921	103.80%
7/1/07	0	2,652,956	2,652,956	0%	3,365,997	78.82%

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALSTRS *

JUNE 30, 2016

Year Ended	District's Proportion	District's Proportionate Share	State's Proportionate Share of the NPL Associated	Total NPL Attributed	District's Covered Employee	District's Proportionate Share of the NPL as a % of Covered Employee	Plan Fiduciary Net Position As a % of Total Pension
June 30	or the NPL	of the NPL	to District	to District	Payroll	Payroll	Liability
2016 2015	0.0047%	\$ 3,195,863 2,660,107	\$ 67,682 63,640	\$ 3,263,545 2,723,747	\$ 2,203,300 2,027,515	145.05% 131.20%	74.02% 76.52%
June 30	of the NPL	of the NPL	to District	to District	Payroll	Payroll	Liabili

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined based on a measurement date that was one year prior to the year-end date. This is a 10-year schedule, however the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Additional years will be added to this schedule as information becomes available until 10 years are presented.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALPERS *

JUNE 30, 2016

Year Ended June 30	District's Proportion of the NPL	District's Proportionate Share of the NPL	District's Covered Employee Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the NPL as a % of Covered Employee Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position As a % of Total Pension Liability
Julie 30	Of the IVI L	OI THE INI L	r ayron	- ayıon	Liability
2016	0.0100%	\$ 1,467,131	\$ 1,101,928	133.14%	79.43%
2015	0.0096%	1,090,732	1,008,591	108.14%	83.38%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined based on a measurement date that was one year prior to the year-end date. This is a 10-year schedule, however the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Additional years will be added to this schedule as information becomes available until 10 years are presented.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - CALSTRS *

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Year Ended June 30	In Relate Actuarially Contract Determined Requi		ntributions Relation to ntractually Required ntributions	Defici	bution iency/ eess)	District's Covered Employee Payroll	Contributions As a % of Covered Employee Payroll	
2016 2015	\$	260,310 183,796	\$	260,310 183,796	\$	-	\$ 2,426,002 2,069,775	10.730% 8.880%

^{*} This is a 10-year schedule, however the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Additional years will be added to this schedule as information becomes available until 10 years are presented.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - CALPERS *

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Contributions In Relation to		District's	Contributions As a % of	
Year	Actuarially	Contractually	Contribution	Covered	Covered	
Ended	Determined	Required	Deficiency/	Employee	Employee	
June 30	Contributions	Contributions	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll	
2016 2015	\$ 135,564 130,423	\$ 135,564 130,423	\$ - -	\$ 1,144,290 1,108,003	11.847% 11.771%	

^{*} This is a 10-year schedule, however the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Additional years will be added to this schedule as information becomes available until 10 years are presented.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

A. Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, the District is required to present a Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance budgetary comparison for the General Fund and each Major Special Revenue Fund that has an adopted budget. This schedule presents the original adopted budget, final adopted budget, and the actual revenues and expenditures of each of these funds by object. There was no excess of expenditures over appropriations in the General Fund or Cafeteria Fund as of June 30, 2016.

B. <u>Schedule of Funding Progress</u>

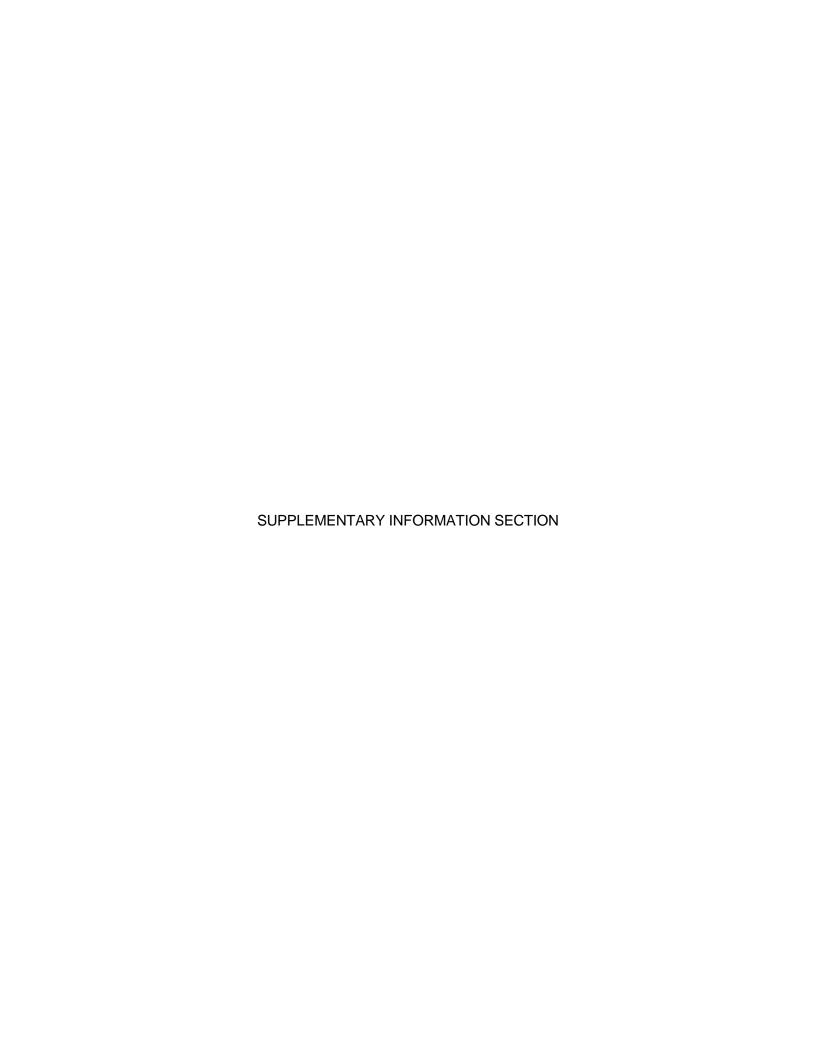
In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 45, the District is required to present a Schedule of Funding Progress which shows the funding progress of the District's OPEB plan for the most recent valuation and the two preceding valuations. The information required to be disclosed includes the valuation date, the actuarial value of assets, the actuarial accrued liability, the total unfunded actuarial liability (or funding excess), the actuarial value of assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability (funded ratio), the annual covered payroll and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial liability (or funding excess) to annual covered payroll.

C. Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, the District is required to present separately for each cost-sharing pension plan through which pensions are provided a 10-year schedule presenting certain information. The information required to be presented includes the District's proportion and proportionate share of the collective net pension liability, the portion of the nonemployer contributing entities' total proportionate share of the collective net pension liability associated with the District, if applicable, the District's covered-employee payroll, the District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of the District's covered-employee payroll, and the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability.

D. Schedule of Contributions

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, the District is required to present separately for each cost-sharing pension plan through which pensions are provided a 10-year schedule presenting certain information. The information required to be presented includes the statutorily or contracted required District contribution, the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the required District contribution, the difference between the required District contribution and the amount recognized by the pension plan, the District's covered-employee payroll, and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation of the District as a percentage of the District's covered-employee payroll.



ORGANIZATION/BOARD OF TRUSTEES/ADMINISTRATION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

ORGANIZATION

The Biggs Unified School District is located in Butte County and was established in 1906. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the current year. The District is currently operating two elementary schools, one high school, and one community day school.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

<u>Name</u>	<u>Office</u>	Term Expires	
Kari Wheeler	President	November 2016	
Kathryn Sheppard	Vice President	November 2018	
M. America Navarro	Clerk	November 2018	
Dennis Slusser	Member	November 2018	
Pamela Sheppard	Member	November 2016	

ADMINISTRATION

Doug Kaelin Superintendent

Pamela Ragan Financial Officer

SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

			P-2 Report				
	TK/K-3	4 - 6	7 - 8	9 - 12	Total		
Regular Community Day School	167.83	125.30	108.61 0.77	157.38 4.49	559.12 5.26		
Totals	167.83	125.30	109.38	161.87	564.38		
		Annual Report					
	TK / K - 3	4 - 6	7 - 8	9 - 12	Total		
Regular Community Day School	167.98	126.01	108.91 1.07	155.20 4.36	558.10 5.43		
Totals	167.98	126.01	109.98	159.56	563.53		

SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Grade Level	Minutes Required	2015-16 Actual <u>Minutes</u>	Number of Days Traditional <u>Calendar</u>	Number of Days Multitrack <u>Calendar</u>	<u>Status</u>
Kindergarten	36,000	57,810	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 1	50,400	53,370	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 2	50,400	53,370	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 3	50,400	53,370	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 4	54,000	54,800	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 5	54,000	54,800	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 6	54,000	54,800	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 7	54,000	67,152	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 8	54,000	67,152	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 9	64,800	64,844	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 10	64,800	64,844	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 11	64,800	64,844	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 12	64,800	64,844	180	N/A	In Compliance

RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT

WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

June 30, 2016 Annual Financial and Budget Report Fund Balances	Reserve Beneral Fund Fund Fund		Special Reserve for Postemployment Benefits Fund \$ 489,337	Scholarship Fund \$ 219,877
Reclassifications and Adjustments Increasing (Decreasing) Fund Balances:				
Understatement of Investments Reclassification of Fund Balances	1,077,024	(587,687)	(489,337)	266,652
June 30, 2016 Audited Financial Statements Fund Balances	\$ 2,360,590	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 486,529

Auditor's Comments

The fund balances of the General Fund, Special Reserve Fund, and Special Reserve for Postemployment Benefits Fund have been combined for financial reporting purposes in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54.

The audited financial statements of all other funds were in agreement with the Annual Financial and Budget Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	GENERAL FUND			
	(Budget)* 20116-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14
Revenues and Other Financial Sources	\$ 6,928,545	\$ 7,097,128	\$ 6,038,007	\$ 6,425,458
Expenditures	7,135,678	6,706,861	5,756,616	6,014,737
Other Uses and Transfers Out	97,479	143,375	95,000	50,955
Total Outgo	7,233,157	6,850,236	5,851,616	6,065,692
Change in Fund Balance	(304,612)	246,892	186,391	359,766
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 2,055,978	\$ 2,360,590	\$ 2,113,698	\$ 1,927,307
Available Reserves	\$ 1,272,591	\$ 1,206,556	\$ 1,242,106	\$ 930,989
Reserve for Economic Uncertainties **	\$ 591,688	\$ 587,688	\$ 460,529	\$ 300,737
Available Reserves as a Percentage of Total Outgo	17.6%	17.61%	21.23%	15.35%
Average Daily Attendance at P-2	578	564	513	519
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 5,867,308	\$ 5,911,210	\$ 4,848,389	\$ 5,752,903

^{*} Amounts reported for the 2016-17 budget are presented for analytical purposes only and have not been audited.

The fund balance of the General Fund increased \$433,283 (22.5%) over the past two years. The fiscal year 2016-17 budget projects a decrease of \$304,612 (12.9%). For a district this size, the state recommends available reserves of at least 4% of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District produced operating surpluses of \$359,766, \$186,391 and \$246,892 during fiscal years 2013-14, 2014-15 and 2015-16, respectively.

Average daily attendance has increased 45 ADA over the past two years. The District projects an increase of 14 ADA during fiscal year 2016-17.

Total long-term liabilities increased \$158,307 over the past two years.

^{**} Reported balances are a component of available reserves.

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

A. Schedule of Average Daily Attendance

Average daily attendance is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade spans and in different programs.

B. Schedule of Instructional Time

The District participated in the Longer Day incentive funding program for the current fiscal year, but the District did not meet its LCFF target funding. This schedule presents information on the instructional days provided and the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with Article 8 (commencing with Section 46200) of Chapter 2 of Part 26 of the Education Code.

C. Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balances of all funds, as reported in the Annual Financial and Budget Report to the audited financial statements.

D. <u>Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis</u>

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.



STEPHEN ROATCH ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Board of Trustees Biggs Unified School District Biggs, California

We have audited Biggs Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2015-16 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Educational Agencies and State Compliance Reporting that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's state programs identified on the following page for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *2015-16 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Educational Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, prescribed in the *California Code of Regulations*, Title 5, section 19810 and following. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the District's state programs occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Biggs Unified School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Biggs Unified School District's compliance with those requirements.

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine Biggs Unified School District's compliance with state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

Board of Trustees Biggs Unified School District Page Two

<u>Description</u>	Procedures Performed
Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools: Attendance Teacher Certification and Misassignments Kindergarten Continuance Independent Study Continuation Education Instructional Time Instructional Materials Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers Classroom Teacher Salaries Early Retirement Incentive Gann Limit Calculation School Accountability Report Card Juvenile Court Schools Middle or Early College High Schools K-3 Grade Span Adjustment Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes Yes Yes Yes No (see below) Not Applicable Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Not Applicable Yes Yes Not Applicable Yes Yes Not Applicable Yes Yes
School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools: Educator Effectiveness California Clean Energy Jobs Act After School Education and Safety Program Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts Local Control and Accountability Plan Independent Study-Course Based Immunizations	Yes No (see below) Not Applicable Yes Yes Yes Not Applicable Not Applicable
Charter Schools: Attendance Mode of Instruction Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based Charter School Facility Grant Program	Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable

We did not perform procedures for the independent study program because the average daily attendance claimed by the District does not exceed the threshold that requires testing. We did not perform procedures for the California Clean Energy Jobs Act because the District did not have any program expenditures in fiscal year 2015-16.

Opinion on State Compliance

In our opinion, Biggs Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Board of Trustees Biggs Unified School District Page Three

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the 2015-16 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Educational Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Stephen Roatch Accountancy Corporation

STEPHEN ROATCH ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION Certified Public Accountants

December 7, 2016

STEPHEN ROATCH ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Biggs Unified School District Biggs, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Biggs Unified School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 7, 2016 that included an unmodified opinion on the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information and an adverse opinion on the discretely presented component unit. The report on the financial statements included an adverse opinion on the discretely presented component unit because the financial statements do not include financial data for the District's legally separate component unit. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the financial data for the component unit to be reported with the financial data of the District's primary government unless the District also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for its component unit. The District has not issued such reporting entity financial statements.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Board of Trustees Biggs Unified School District Page Two

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (Concluded)

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, that we consider to be significant deficiencies, as noted in Finding 2016 - 001.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

District's Response to Finding

The District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying <u>Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs</u>. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Stephen Roatch Accountancy Corporation

STEPHEN ROATCH ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION Certified Public Accountants

December 7, 2016



SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified with Adverse Opinion on Discretely Presented Component Unit		
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weaknesses identified?	Voo	V No	
Significant deficiencies identified not considered	Yes	X No	
to be material weaknesses?	X Yes	None reported	
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	X No	
State Awards			
Any audit findings required to be reported in accordance with the 2015-16 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local			
Educational Agencies and State Compliance Reporting?	Yes	X No	
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for			
state programs:	Unmodified		

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

2016 - 001 / 30000

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

CAFETERIA FUND ENCROACHMENT

Criteria: The Cafeteria Fund child nutrition program should operate as close

to break-even as possible to minimize the encroachment on the

General Fund.

<u>Condition</u>: The Cafeteria Fund child nutrition program continues to incur

increasing operating deficits, which have resulted in the need for increasingly larger annual contributions from the General Fund. A summary of the operating deficits and annual contributions are as

follows:

<u>2015-16</u> <u>2014-15</u> <u>2013-14</u>

Cafeteria Fund Operating Deficits \$ 90,762 \$ 75,324 \$ 50,955

General Fund Contributions \$143,375 \$ 95,000 \$ 50,955

Questioned Cost: None.

Context: The Cafeteria Fund's annual operating deficits have increased

during each of the past five years.

Effect: If program participation is not increased or if program cuts are not

made in a timely manner, the current trend of deficit spending in the Cafeteria Fund will likely continue, which may impair the District's ability to maintain adequate reserves in the General Fund in the

future.

Cause: Program participation has been decreasing and the District has

been unsuccessful in reducing cafeteria program costs down to a level that is consistent with the revenues generated by the program.

Recommendation: The District should continue to investigate program changes that

will help to increase program participation and allow the Cafeteria Fund to operate closer to a break-even basis. In addition, the District should streamline the process to make sure that all students who are eligible for free or reduced price meals are properly identified, classified and claimed for reimbursement, as soon as possible. The District should also compare the number of meals produced, per the production reports, to number of meals claimed on the meal reimbursement claims, to ensure that all meals served

are properly claimed for reimbursement.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS (CONCLUDED)

CAFETERIA FUND ENCROACHMENT (CONCLUDED)

District Response:

The District is researching the lack of participation in the National School lunch program and is implementing new outreach for 2017/2018 to ensure all parents of eligible students are aware of the benefit and understand the importance of returning the applications. The applications will be sent out separately and handed out again at parent conferences for those not returned from the first notice.

It appears in 2016/2017 that the minimum wage increase has affected the eligibility of some of the prior year eligible families.

The production reports are now being submitted with the claim back-up information for review monthly.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

SECTION III - STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

There are no matters to report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR RECOMMENDATIONS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Recommendations

Current Status

Explanation If Not Fully Implemented

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

15 - 001 / 30000

STUDENT BODY - AUTHORIZATION

The District should enforce student body procedures that require all three required signors to formally authorize all student body expenditures in written form.

Implemented

15 - 002 / 30000

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

STUDENT BODY - EXTERNAL FUND-RAISING

All individuals responsible for overseeing student body funds should be provided with a copy of the FCMAT "Associated Student Body Manual" and be informed of the appropriate procedure to follow when student groups participate in fund-raising activities related to external charities.

Implemented

15 - 003 / 30000

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

CAFETERIA FUND ENCROACHMENT

The District should continue to investigate possible program changes that will help to increase program participation and allow the Cafeteria Fund to operate closer to a break-even basis. In addition, the District should streamline the process to make sure that all students who are eligible for free or reduced price meals are properly identified, classified and claimed for reimbursement, as soon as possible. The District should also compare the number of meals produced, per the production reports, to number of meals claimed on the meal reimbursement claims, to ensure that all meals served are properly claimed for reimbursement

Partially Implemented Comment Repeated (See Finding 2016 - 001)

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR RECOMMENDATIONS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Recommendations

Current Status

Explanation If Not Fully Implemented

STATE AWARDS

15 - 004 / 40000

UNDUPLICATED LOCAL CONTROL FUNDING FORMULA (LCFF) PUPIL COUNTS

The District should establish procedures to ensure that all of the pupil information reported on the CALPADS "1.18 - FRPM / English Learner / Foster Youth - Student List" report is properly uploaded to CALPADS by the required due date, and verified for accuracy and completeness while corrections may still be uploaded to CALPADS. In addition, the District should work with the Butte County Office of Education to ensure that the audit adjustments related to enrollment and unduplicated pupil counts are properly recorded in the apportionment software.

Implemented